THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, JULY 29. 1871. [VOLUME IV—NUMBER 40

Evening Edition.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1871.

☞ See Fourth Page, for interesting Reading

☞ The yellow fever in Brazil, has assumed a very malignant form. The English Consul died a few days ago, and nearly every stranger in Pana city has died.

☞ The Persian famine has become so great that cannibalism is of frequent occurrence, and the devout Mussulmen, who are in the majority, turn it to good account by eating up the Zoroastrians.

SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION TO BRAZIL.—The steamer Mertinac, which left Philadelphia on Monday, had on board Prof. Chas. Frederick Harte, of Cornell University, and others, who go on an expedition to Brazil, to complete the surveys of the eastern portion of the Amazonian Valley. Prof. Harte has already made three journeys for the same purpose.

☞ The money set apart for the use of the Ku-Klux Investigating Committee has about run out, and but few more witnesses can be examined. What a pity the Committee was not liberally provided with the needful. There is no telling what a fine mess of outrages—for campaign purposes—they would have had in every Southern State if they could have paid liberally for them.

The Ku-Klux Investigation Testimony.

The Government Printer has already received to be put in type, about 1,200 pages of testimony taken by the Ku-Klux Investigating Committee in Washington. It is understood that the evidence taken in the South by that branch of the committee sent there, will make more printed matter than that taken in Washington.

A Profitable Bale of Cotton.

A bale of cotton was sold in New York recently for fifty cents a pound, and it is the finest ever produced. The weight of the bale was 443 pounds, which, in the aggregate has realized $3,312 20 in premiums, an average of $7 48 per pound. The cotton was raised by W. B. McShaw, of Lee county, Mississippi, picked by himself, wife and daughter in their parlor, and took several premiums in St. Louis fairs.

Foreign Letters.

The amount of correspondence between this country and Europe continues steadily to increase. The report of the foreign department for the quarter ending June 30th, shows that 1,651,841 were sent, of which 881,192 were British. During the same time 1,566,995 letters were received, of which 890,622 were British: 499,346 came by the German lines and 2,520 from France direct. The grand total of letters sent and received were 3,218,836.

☞ The Supreme Court of this State says, the Kansas City (Mo.) News, has just rendered an important decision, settling a long vexed question. The case was that of the Collector of Cole county vs. the Pacific Railroad Company, based on a refusal of the company to pay county taxes, because of an alleged exemption contained in its charter. The court decided in favor of the Collector. As this is a test case, the decision carries with it the pending cases of the North Missouri, Iron Mountain, and various other companies, involving many thousand dollars.

Satisfied.

From our New York exchanges we learn that P. T. Barnum is now happy. The addition of his late years has been to be the owner of a sea lion. He has thought of it by day, and dreamed of it by night. Smiles covered his face when he had the ownership of the wooly horse, and cheerful was his conversation in decanting on his mermaid. Still one thing was wanting, it was essential to his happiness. He wanted a sea lion, and now he has two; and his cup is full and running over.

On the 1st of July, Captain Eastman shipped to Barnum, from San Francisco, two sea lions, a splendid fur seal, and a barking seal. They will be sent to his traveling show in New England.

The Richest Widow in America.

In the bright and bustling city of Hartford Connecticut, resides the handsome and wealthy Mrs. Colt, relict of Samuel Colt, the inventor of the revolving firearm. From the Brooklyn Union, we learn some interesting facts relative to her property. Some ten years ago, Colonel Colt died, leaving a magnificent property, including a nice little estate valued at $5,000,000 to his wife. The estate is comprised of beautiful grounds, on which are residences, churches, manufactories, etc. The widow has improved the original value and beauty of the grounds very much. A $200,000 church, for the workmen on the estate, was erected under her direction. It is ornately embellished with everything that correct taste backed by an open pocket book could furnish.

Among the most enviable features of Mrs. Colt's perquisites, are that her grounds contain great ponds fairly alive with enormous gold and silver fish; that the lanes are adorned with exquisite statuary, including a small but otherwise surprisingly close copy of the "Amazon," that such enviable delicacies as fresh figs, oranges, peaches, etc., are obtained from her mammoth hot house the whole year around; that her huge conservatories contain a collection of rare exotics unsurpassed in this country; and that, in fact, she has within her grasp all that an enormous fortune handled with appreciative lavishness and culture can procure.

Mrs. Colt continues to wear half mourning. She is a brilliant lady who receives and entertains her friends in a manner so pleasant as to render it a particular favor to be ranked among her acquaintances.

FROM QUINCY TO CHATTAHOOCHEE.—It does seem from the accounts that this road will be finished by November, and that as a consequence, our freights on cotton to New York via Chattahoochee and Jacksonville will be much lower than those now ruling via Savannah. The Savannah News says three ship loads of iron for the extension are soon expected at Jacksonville. The Marietta Courier says iron has already arrived at Apalachicola. The completion of the line will have the effect to greatly cheapen freights of all kinds to and from this point, and give employment to all the boats on our river.—*Columbus Sun.*

☞ President Juarez is sixty-four.

☞ Phœbe Cary is seriously ill at Newport.

☞ A new style of wedding card is pure white with gilt edge.

☞ Whole herds of cattle near Council Bluffs, Iowa, are becoming totally blind, and no cause can be assigned for the calamity.

Georgia Matters.

Griffin improving....Mrs. Maxwell dead, says the Middle Georgian.

The Columbus Sun says a foot race will take place at the fair grounds Saturday.

The Summerville Advertiser says there has been no rain in that vicinity for thirty days.

Town tax pronounced illegal....New telegraph line between Thomasville and Albany.

The Rome Courier says the monthly exhibition of the fair exposition will be suspended until further notice.

The Greensboro Herald says Mr. R. G. Carlton left at the office a cotton limb containing twenty-five bolls and forms....Dr. McJunkin dead.

The Calhoun courthouse has lightning rods....Rev. Mr. Pinkerton will preach on the 30th....No rain for five weeks—corn suffering, so says the Times.

The Savannah Republican mentions the arrest of Frederick Douglass, of Appling county, for uttering counterfeit money.....Sword fish caught at Isle of Hope.

Sunday-school celebration at New Hope last Friday....Rev. W. G. Parks delivered a temperance sermon last Sunday....Mr. J. W. Poindexter, of Baker county, dead, says the Dawson Journal.

Presbyterians holding an interesting protracted meeting....Survey of the Griffin, Monticello and Madison Railroad commences to-day....Colored people building a church on Broadway....New post-office at Holton's store....Griffin filling up with summer visitors, says the Star.

Dalton wants a Board of Exchange....Revival in the Baptist and Methodist churches....Masonic Hall newly furnished....One hundred visitors at Cohutta Springs....Five passenger trains enter and leave the Dalton depot within an hour's time every evening and fifteen during the night and day, says the Citizen.

Railroad Meeting.

OPELIKA, ALA., July 25, 1871.

Editor Constitution: As the representative of THE CONSTITUTION, it becomes my duty to give you a short notice of the railroad proceedings, which took place at the celebration of the first twenty miles of the East Alabama and Cincinnati Railroad. And, were I to begin that task, without giving you some account of the "Atlanta of Alabama," I should feel, that I had left unfinished, the most important part of my duty. Opelika is beautifully situated on an eminence, and catches the delicious breezes as they float like aromatic zephyrs from the neighboring forest. Beautiful gardens greet the eye, and exhale an odor sweeter than the balm of nard and cassia that float through the cedared allies of the Hesperides. For elegant and refined society, no city South can surpass it. As external appearance are but the reflexes of the taste of the occupants, we are supplied with ample data for ascribing a high degree of taste and culture to the people of Opelika. When last I visited this place it had just been the victim of one of those raids which so often visited our country during the war, but now you cannot see any traces of the war here. Beautiful dwellings and elegant stores are now in the places where, but a short time ago, stood trees, weeds and grass. Opelika has several flourishing schools and prosperous churches. To sum up all in a few words. Opelika is a growing and prosperous city. Her inhabitants seemed to be imbued with that spirit which is so strikingly character istic of Atlanta's enterprise, and she well deserves the epithet of the "Atlanta of Alabama."

About nine o'clock Wednesday morning we left Opelika, with a large number of people, to travel over the new road, which was found to be in every respect a first class road. Soon we arrived at the scene of action, which was near LaFayette. Quite a number of people were assembled at the place, where was to be witnessed speaking, eating and perhaps an extravagant interchange of tender sentiment, by those who were more interested in matrimony than in railroads.

We were welcomed in a short speech by E. G. Richard, of LaFayette. He spoke of the various attempts that had been made to complete a railroad to that point and that at last had succeeded. After which he introduced General Battle, of Tuskegee, who, in an elegant and chaste speech, spoke of railroad progress and the material prosperity of our country arising therefrom.

Then followed Colonel E. Hulbert, of your city, who discussed railroad in its various phases.

After him came Colonel Russell, of Columbus, and several others. The burden of whose speeches was railroads.

When the speaking had ended, the people dispersed to their homes, feeling that they had been well repaid for their visit.

Allow me, before closing, to offer thanks for kindness shown by the conductors of the different roads over which your correspondent passed, and also to Mrs. Adams, that estimable lady of the Alabama House, of Opelika, and I would recommend all who stop in Opelika and desire good fare and fine accommodations, to give her a call.

Truly yours, J. N. S.

MARIETTA FEMALE COLLEGE.

Address of Rev. Armenius Wright Before the Clio and Calliopean Societies—Annual Concert—"The Quarrel among the Flowers"—Kennesaw Mills and Kennesaw House Still Providing for the Multitude.

MARIETTA, GA., July 27, 1871.

Editor Constitution: At the hour of 10½ o'clock, A. M., to-day, the hall contained a large and intelligent audience, assembled to hear the Annual Address delivered by Rev Armenius Wright, of Atlanta, before the Clio and Calliopean Societies. The speaker selected for his theme "Usefulness," and although a bright one, yet his discussion of it invested it with an interest that commanded the earnest attention of his hearers.

It is said that Croesus, the King of Lydia, after having displayed before Solan, the Athenian philosopher, the magnificence of his palace, the exuberance of his wealth, and the splendor of his empire, asked him whom he considered the happiest of men. Supposing, of course, that the distinguished sage would designate the King as the fortunate person, he was much surprised and chagrined when Solon mentioned several of his fellow-citizens, who had lived usefully and died universally lamented.

This reply was the result of wisdom and experience, though unwelcome to the ears of the haughty monarch. The dazzling luster of an imperial crown may impose on the vain and unreflecting part of mankind, but true wisdom will penetrate through this false glare of outward splendor and discover a cumbrous mass of cares and dangers, of solicitudes and sorrows, that lie beneath and frequently render the possessor of regal dignities an object of compassion, rather than of envy. Solon had himself learned to place a proper estimate upon earthly distinctions offered the highest position of civil authority at Athens, he rejected the proposal, convinced that the service he had rendered his fellow-citizens by the introduction of a new and salutary form of government was destined to bring him a more permanent reputation and enduring felicity, than all the coronets and crowns of kings.

This incident suggested a theme which we, this day, command to your consideration. It is Usefulness. The subject, though utilitarian, involves true happiness and real dignification. Service is the great end of our being—usefulness a primary law of happiness. All things animate and inanimate—material and immaterial inculcate this thought and impress this lesson.

If commencing with the most insignificant particle of matter or ascending to the highest order of intelligence, we shall find all things assigned to some sphere of service, though oftimes hidden from human observation. Earth is replete with inscriptions on this subject: the flower opens its petals to the sunlight, or exhales its perfume to the waiting atmosphere as the mountain rises in solitary grandeur and the valley lies embosomed beneath its rugged elevation. About us we read by a radiant alphabet the great lesson of service.

The moon amongst its numerous ministrations gives light to the inhabitants of the polar regions, without which they would for weeks and months be immersed in darkness—while by its nearness to the earth and the consequent increase of its gravitating power, it produces currents in the atmosphere which directs the course of the winds and purify the air from noxious exhalations. Almost all the benign agencies that are acting in the atmosphere, earth and water, derive their origin from the powerful and perpetual influence of the sun.

The speaker after enumerating the various offices of this great luminary in developing the wonders of the vegetable kingdom, asserted that mind is an adornment of the Divine Being, bestowed on man not merely for ornament or as the evidence and exhibition of a higher order of creation than organic matter. Nor was it intended to be restricted to the securement and perpetuity of individual interest. We belong not to ourselves but to God and mankind. We owe to the world the extension of our intellectual powers to the full extent of our capacity, and to the breadth of our opportunity. The Deity intends that ceaseless activity shall be consecrated to his glory and the welfare of the world.

Our mental powers, our moral capacities, our physical energies, all the qualifications of our being should be summoned into action—action alone looking to the service of mankind and the glory of God. The world, present and future, should be the theatre of our labor—the parish of ministrations. St. Paul, though rude in speech and contemptible in person, has left the empress of his splendid character and signal service on every age and every generation. Regarding all our faculties as given for wise and sacred objects, we should consecrate them to an ennobling service, and whatever department of life our effort may be selected, we should not be content to occupy a position inferior to that which our qualifications point. Duty is not to be compromised under the specious plea of modesty or antagonized by that humility which would silence the throbbings of a heart that tells us we are born for a higher and glorious destiny. Let us remember that neglect and inactivity are the joint inheritors of the obloquy of time and the anathemas of eternity spiritless and awe struck before the tribunal of inexorable justice, they shall tremendingly vindicate the accusation, "ye know your duty, but ye did it not." Life to whatever department of labor or theater of thought and effort it may be devoted, should know but one ultimate object—one paramount end; and that object and that end should be *usefulness*. No empty name, however illustrious in pedygree or emblazoned by heraldry, no title, however carefully preserved or assiduously paraded before the public eye, no distinctive honors consecrated by age or inscribed in statuary, no sceptre, however firmly grasped or gracefully wielded, no throne, however decorated with inferior emblems or carved in gaudy architecture, no crown or diadem, however gemmed or costly, can enthrone the possessor in the heart or estimation of the public, nor enshrine his name in the archives of that magnificent temple which is only consecrated to noble deeds, and hallowed alone for the useful and the good.

The speaker, after arraying the shining virtues and glaring vices of the prominent women of different periods, urged in earnest words, his fair young friends to learn the blessedness of being useful, and then shall the benediction of the living survive your moulding dust, and proclaim to future generations your real worth.

This is a very meagre synopsis of an able address. The production was worthy of and received the profound attention of a large and intelligent audience.

The concert came off last night. Professor H. Schroeiler, musical director, assisted by Professor F. L. Freyer, and a number of amateurs. The entertainment was a success. Time nor space will allow us to repeat the programme or reproduce the list of those who contributed so much to the pleasure of the occasion. The new cantata, "The Quarrel among the Flowers," was one of the features of the evenings.

Miss Ida Underwood represented the Rose; Miss Ada Rogers the Crocus; Miss Trimble the Dahlia; Miss Lela Wylv the Snowdrop; Miss Ella Pace the Pink; Miss Emma Baker the Sunflower; Miss Mary Thomas the Water Lily; Miss Minnie Rogers the Violet.

The quarrel had its foundation in the question as to who should be Queen among the Flowers. The rival aspirants for the distinction were the blushing Rose and the dazzling Sunflower. After a spirited contest, the Rose, with becoming ceremony was crowned Queen of Flowers, and thus was brought to a pleasant close the exercises of Marietta Female College.

One of the prominent interests of the city is the Kennesaw Mill, which now turns out daily three hundred and seventy-five barrels of flour, and has a capacity for four hundred or four hundred and fifty, and yet hitherto it has not been able to supply the demand.

THE CONSTITUTION acknowledges its obligation to Mr. Anderson, the proprietor of the Livery Stable, for favors. Mr. A keeps on hand a fine lot of horses and vehicles for the accommodation of visitors.

The proprietors of the Kennesaw House continue to dispense the goods things from their larder, and "Uncle Peter Henry," from the Palmetto State, and his colored co-adjutors are still faithful subalterns in the dinning saloon. J. N. S.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Domingo Ruiz, indicted for a violation of the neutrality laws in furnishing aid and comfort to Cubans, has been released.

A Montreal dispatch says: It is definitely ascertained that the Ocean Junta of New York, for some weeks, has been actively enlisting men to form part of an expedition of about seven thousand, who are expected to sail for Cuba in two or three weeks. The commander of the Canadian contingent is Major Robinson, of the Prince of Wales Rifles, who was engaged in the Red river expedition, last year, and was very active and efficient. The regiment which Major Robinson is to command will number about 1,000 men. About seven hundred have been already enlisted and a portion of them sent to the States where the several rendezvous are to be made, along the coast. Some of the men are in Portland, but the majority are near New York city. It is supposed they will assemble near Saratoga and embark or go direct from New York city, taking a pleasure boat, seemingly for a sailing excursion, and be met by steamers outside.

Several thousand stand of arms, the short Snyder rifle, is quietly been passed across the border, and is supposed by the officers, to be safely shipped by this time. The men receive $100 bounty.

A large meeting bitterly denounced Hoffman, and resolved to elect the policemen dismissed for disobedience of orders on the 12th, to some office.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, July 28.—The Macon Beacon, published at the home of Talliaferro, who recently testified before the Outrages Committee, says of him: "The aforesaid Talliaferro is not a planter near this town, and was not a Confederate Captain either. We can say, however, that he was arrested for stealing a mule, and has several standing jokes against him in the way of unpaid accounts."

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, July 28.—Negotiations are pending, which will give the Pennsylvania Central Railroad controlling interest in the Ohio Bridge at Louisville.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Eighteen thousand dollars worth of window glass was broken by the hail.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 28.—Camaguin, of the Philippine Islands, was abandoned by twenty-six thousand inhabitants on account of an earthquake. Shaking had engulphed one hundred and fifty, followed by a volcano firing the woods. Camaguin produced one-tenth of the whole Manilla hemp crop.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 28.—The Journal de Paris says FAVRE is no longer Minister of Foreign Affairs.

SPAIN.

MADRID, July 28.—The SEY Ministry has resolved to put down the Cuban insurrection regardless of the sacrifice of life and money.

THE AIR-LINE RAILROAD.—We understand the bridges on the above road between this place and Charlotte are all under contract by energetic and responsible contractors. The bridge across Pacolett will be over one hundred feet high—higher than the Baptist Church steeple at this place—and will cost near $10,000. The grading is being pushed forward rapidly; considerably over half is completed between here and Charlotte.

Already our town begins to feel the impetus of this great work. Extensive improvements are being made; the demand for town property is becoming lively, and every one seems to have a bright confidence in our future.—*Columbia Daily Union.*

AMERICAN OPIUM.—A Tennesseean, who has been raising and preparing opium experimentally, is authority for the statement that the yield per acre is from thirty to fifty pounds, which values in price from $7 50 to $10 per pound. One hand can cultivate easily and well, four acres, which, at a yield of thirty pounds, would be $300. It requires half a dozen hands to gather what one will make.

THE PICK OF OLD NICK AT THE PICNICS IN NEW YORK.—The summer picnics of New York are shown up by the Tribune of that city to be painful scenes of debauchery and vice. It says, in substance, that "every night, about 12 o'clock, the street cars on the Third and Eighth avenue lines are crowded by people returning from these picnics, all more or less in a state of intoxication. Obscene songs, bad language, profanity, and threats, from both men and women, whose maudlin aspect and disordered and torn dresses render the scene still more hideous, compel respectable people to leave the cars."

Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, July 28, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Business dull and inactive. Quotations unchanged.

COTTON—Market dull at 18½ cents for full style New York middlings.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying 1 05; selling 1 09. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

BONDS—Atlanta bonds, 7 per cent. 70a75 do. 8 per cent. 80a85. State of Georgia bonds, 6 per cent., 78a80; do. 7 per cent., 90a92; do. 7 per cent., gold, 88a90. State of Tennessee bonds, old, 58a60; do. new 54a56. State of Alabama, 5 int. 68a70; do. 8 int. 96a1 02. State of South Carolina, 6 int. 58a60, new; do. 6 int. old, 68a70. Georgia Railroad stock 1 03-1 05; do. bonds 95a1 00. Macon and Western Railroad stock 1 05a1 10. Atlanta and La Grange Railroad bonds 90a95; do. stock 93a98.

FACTORY GOODS—Brown shirtings, 7-8 10½; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8½, 4-4, 12½; bleached shirting, 3-4, 7a9; bleached shirting, 7-8, 11a14½, brown drills, 12; bleached drills, 13½; stripes 10; checks, 14: Montour osnaburgs, 14. Troup, 16 yarns, 1 25a1 40.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Eggs, 16a17; chickens, 15a16 Irish potatoes, new crop 1 00 per bushel; country butter 20c; Tennessee, 22½-25c. per lb.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ¼ kegs $4 00; ⅛ kegs $2 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag 2 75; buck, 3 00.

BROOMS—Atlanta made, "Robson Brand," 2 50a5 00 per dozen.

CORN—Car-load lots $1 00; small lots $1 05. Wheat $1 65a1 70. Oats 80. Rye 1 00, in little demand. Barley—fall, 1 10.

LARD—Buckets 14½; cans, 13½; tierces 12½ a13.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda, 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone, 14. Copperas, 4a4½. Epsom salts, 6½a8. Madder, 22a25. Opium 10 50a13 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20 per pound. Castor oil quarts, 5 00a6 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gallon, 3 00a3 25. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50-3 00; per gallon, 1 45a1 50.

FLOUR.—Superfine 6 50; extra 7 00a7 50 family 8 00a9 00; fancy 9 50a10 50.

LIVE STOCK.—Cattle on foot 2½a5c; shoats on foot 5½a6c; sheep on foot 2a4c.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky—rectified 1 00a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robison County 1 50a3 50; Cognac Brandy 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum 3 00a6 00; Jamaica rum 3 00a6 00; Holland Gin 1 50a6 00; Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter 3 00; French Brandy 4 50a12 00. Wine—South land Company's Native Sherry 15 00; White and Red 12 00; Sparkling 30 00 per case.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides, 9½; clear rib sides, 9½; shoulders, 7½.

BACON—Clear sides 10½; clear rib sides 10 shoulders 8½.

DRY GOODS—Ailens 10½; Sprague 10½ Pacific 10½; Lancaster 10½; Wamsutta 7½ Amoskeag 8½; Tickings 8a20c; Cottonade 18a35.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 6½a8; horse shoe 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburg bar, 5a6; nail rod, 10a12c band, 7a8. Nails, per keg, 10d to 6'd, $4 70. 8d $4 95; 6d $5 20; 4d $5 45; 3d $6 70; 10d to 12d finishing $5 45; 8d $5 70; 6d $5 95; 3d fine $8 50; cut spikes, all sizes, $5 20.

HAY—Timothy 3 00a3 00; Clover 3 00a3 00 per ton.

COW FEED—Corn Bran 1 10 per 100 lbs. Screenings 1 30 per 100 lbs. Bran 1 25 per 100 lbs. Barley meal 90 cents per bushel of 48 lbs. Stock meal $1 60 per bushel.

LEATHER AND RIMS—White oak sole 42a48; Hemlock, good, 2a32; damaged 25a30 French calf skins 50 00a65 00 per dozen. American calf skins 30 00a39 00; Harness leather 40a45c; upper leather 35a45c; linin, skins (sheep) 6 00a9 00 per dozen. Green sides 6c; dry salted 18c; dry flint 16c.

GROCERIES—Corn, Meal 1 05. Rice, 10½. Hominy, Soap, 6½a10c. Candles, adamantine, 18½. Tallow 15a16c. Sugars, A. 14½c Extra C, 14; Yellow C, 12½; Brown 10a12 Rio Coffee 18a21; Java 27. Beeswax, 28a30 Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 25. N. O Syrup, 75a80. Molasses, barrels, 35c. Pepper 35. Race Ginger, 20c. Starch 8c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime 50 per bushel; Chewackie 70c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel: James River 4 50; 5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 50-60; medium sound 60a75; fine sound 75a90. Extra fine 1 00a1 35.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Cotton dull and nominal; middling uplands 20½; Orleans 20½; sales 650 bales.

Flour steady. Wheat quiet. Corn quiet. Pork dull and lower at $13 60a14. Lard firm. Turpentine quiet at 57a58. Rosin quiet at $3 10 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks steady and firm. Governments dull. State bonds dull and heavy. Money easy at 3. Gold steady at 12. Exchange—long 10½; short 10½.

LIVERPOOL, July 28, noon.—Cotton opened quiet; uplands 9a9½; Orleans 9½a9½; sales 10 000 bales; for the week 88,000; exports 8,000; speculation 15,000; stock 650,000; American 320,000; receipts for the week 95,000; American 27,000; actual export 6,000.

LATER—Cotton flat; uplands 9; Orleans 9½.

PARIS, July 28.—Bullion in the bank of France decreased nearly twenty-five million francs during last week.

CINCINNATI, July 28, 9 P. M.—Cotton dull and drooping; low middlings 18½; middlings 20; good ordinary 17½. Whisky steady and in fair demand at 93. Flour dull and declining; superfine $4 75, extra $5 65, family $6 75. Corn quiet but steady; mixed shelled 55. Oats steady with a good demand; new prime mixed 42; old stock exhausted. Mess Pork dull, lower and panicky at $13 75a13 90. Bacon steady but quiet; shoulders 6½; clear rib sides 9½; clear sides 9½. Hams in moderate consumptive demand and steady; sugar-cured 13. Lard steady and neglected; steamers 9½; clear rib sides 7½; clear sides 7½. Lard dull and lower; city kettle rendered, 12.

Hotels.

McDOWELL HOUSE, NEWNAN, GA. W. M. REYNOLDS, Owner and Proprietor. TABLE always supplied with the best the market affords. Rates as cheap as anywhere in Georgia. junel5-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL, TALLADEGA, ALABAMA. Colonel H. HOSS, Proprietor. feb19—dtf

PLANTERS' HOTEL, AUGUSTA.....GEORGIA. JOHN K. GOLDTEIN, Proprietor. Has been re-opened and furnished complete in every department, and is strictly a first class Hotel. julyl-dly.

TIBBS HOUSE, J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor. DALTON.....GEORGIA. aug1-dtf.

1871. SIMS HOUSE, 1871. BY P. D. HALL. LaGRANGE.....GEORGIA. jan7—dtf

PYE HOUSE, NEW HOTEL, FORSYTH.....GEORGIA. ED. CALLOWAY, Clerk. W. H. WILSON, Proprietor. oct18-dtf

SNELLING HOUSE, GREENESBORO.....GEORGIA. Mr. J. A. SNELLING. MEALS at all hours. Porters will attend the train punctually. feb15-dtf

BARTOW HOUSE, CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA. J. T. GUTHRIE, Proprietor. NO pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters; clean rooms. aug16-dtf

JOHNSON HOUSE, BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON. KINGSTON.....GEORGIA. june24-dtf

NATIONAL HOTEL, J. F. HAVES, Proprietor. Railroad Avenue, near the Depot. CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE. nov27—dly

BACON HOUSE, LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA. JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor. A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA.....GEORGIA. HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hops will be given and amusements provided for. FLETCHER & FREYER. june30-dtf

CHOICE HOTEL. Corner Broad and Bridge Streets. ROME, GA. J. C. RAWLIN, Proprietor. Situated in the business part of the city. Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE. dec4-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

HAMMETT HOUSE, JONESBORO, GEORGIA. THIS the large and commodious Brick Store House, formerly owned and occupied by Thos. Burns, Esq., has been recently remodeled and refitted for a House of Entertainment, by Mr. Wm Hammett, late of the old Dougherty House, Newnan, Ga., where he would be pleased to see his numerous friends and the public generally. The very best fare the market affords awaits them. jan15-tf.

RAILROAD EATING HOUSE, GRANTVILLE.....GEORGIA. THE traveling public over the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, will find a very desirable and well kept HOTEL at the above place, and which cannot be surpassed in point of good living.

Mr. J. G. Trammell, the Proprietor, assisted by his estimable lady, has had an experience of four-thirty years in Hotel keeping, and they are determined to spare no pains or expense to give entire satisfaction. may28-dtf

TENNESSEE HOUSE. Rome, Ga. J. A. STANSBURY, Proprietor. THIS above Hotel is located within Twenty Steps of the Railroad Platform, and convenient to the business portion of town. Servants polite and attentive to their respective duties. All baggage handled free of charge. Satisfaction guaranteed. jan29-dtf

HEARD HOUSE, LaGrange.....Georgia. BY GEORGE C. HEARD. THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables will be supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will attend at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to receive charge of baggage. jan25-dtf

ECKLES HOUSE AND LIVERY STABLE. SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA. Rates of Board: Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day.....$ 2 00 Per Week.....$8 00 | Per Month.....30 00. Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates. J. FIELDING ECKLES, Proprietor. june6 dtf

CAMP HOUSE, FORSYTH.....GEORGIA. MR. J. D. CAMP having withdrawn from the management of the PYE HOUSE, would inform his friends and former patrons and guests of the country, and the traveling public generally, that he is prepared to give ample accommodation and satisfaction to all who may make his House their headquarters. The house has been substantially refitted and improved, and will now compare with the best.

A Stage Line to Indian Springs connects with the House and there is also a livery and sale stable attached. Travelers will find at this house a regular Old Virginia Welcome. J. D. CAMP, Proprietor. oct20-dtf

PYE HOUSE, FORSYTH, GEORGIA. THE undersigned has taken charge of the above house and takes this method of informing the traveling public, that the house has been thoroughly renovated and refitted to every department, and he is determined that his table shall be supplied with the luxuries the market will afford, that no pains nor money will be spared to render his guests comfortable, and that happy, wide they remain with him. Competent and polite servants will attend the table, and obedient porters will be in attendance at the arrival of each grain of cars. He only asks the traveling public to give him a call to be convinced. When the cars arrive, hand your checks to the PYE HOUSE porter, advising the house I will have a Rolling Saloon, hot or cold, at all hours.

WILLIAM SCARBROUGH, Proprietor. june16-dtf

GLOBE HOTEL, LAWRENCEVILLE, GA. HAS ample room for the accommodation of families. Travelers will find at this House a regular OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME. And board as cheap as could be asked for. The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best. Good wagon and team, and a fast, healthy climate, encouraged in North Georgia. I have a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms. june9-dtf W. J. ROBERTS, Prop'r. Lessee.

KING HOUSE, STONE MOUNTAIN, GA. On the Georgia Railroad, 16 miles from Atlanta. THE above new and elegant Hotel has been leased by the undersigned, and is now open to the public. The house is elegantly fitted up, and every arrangement has been made which can contribute to the comfort of guests. As a Summer Resort no place in the county is superior. Situated at the foot of stone Mountain, perhaps the greatest natural curiosity in the United States, with grand scenery, fine water, bathing, a MINERAL SPRING, an analysis of which shows it to possess wonderful healing properties. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests. Conveyances will be furnished every hour to the Mountain, which is only three miles distant. Trains leave Atlanta for Stone Mountain twice every day and return. Any person or persons desiring to spend a day or more at the Mountain, can leave Atlanta at 8 A. M., and after visiting the Granite Railroad, if other amusement is desired, or as a loading place for those coming to the Mountain, can leave there at four of the clock, and still be home to Dinner.

RATES OF BOARD: Per day $2 50; per week $15; per month $50 00. Children and servants half price. Horses and buggies to hire on reasonable terms. C. T. WHITE, Manager. C. T. WHITE, Proprietor. may28-dtf

NOTICE. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE GEORGIA R. R. AUGUSTA, GA., July 21, 1871. UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, no Passenger Trains will run on the Atlanta Branch on Sundays or Mondays. Night Train to Union Point. E. H. JOHNSON, Superintendent. july24—dtf

SHARP & FLOYD, (SUCCESSORS TO GEORGE SHARP, JR.) Manufacturing, Merchants, Wholesale and Retail Jewelers. ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Old Sol.—"Here, Mother Earth, these Eclipses and Spots have about used me up. Regulate your movements hereafter by this, and don't depend on me."

All grades of this WATCH you can buy of our house AS LOW AS THEY CAN BE HAD IN THE UNITED STATES, in quantities or single Watch.

Railroad Men, Look to Your Interest.

We keep the largest Stock of Watches this side of New York

WE SELL THEM AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Our Goods Guaranteed Just as Represented, OR NO SALE.

SHARP & FLOYD, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

N. B.—Orders by Mail or otherwise promptly attended to. Price List sent. Satisfaction GUARANTEED IN EVERY INSTANCE. june16— june6—dtm

THE TRAVELERS' Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, ISSUES AGAINST ACCIDENTS, Causing Death or Totally Disabling Injury. Cash Assets, over.....$1,850,000. Apply to HENRY R. CHRISTIAN, Agent. july25-dtf Office, Broad and Marietta Streets.

To Rent, THE AMERICAN HOTEL, On Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets, In front of Passenger Depot. POSSESSION GIVEN AT ONCE. For Terms apply to Mrs. M. J. JOHNSON, Administratrix, Or to JOHN L. JOHNSON, Deputy Marshal. Atlanta, Ga., July 27, 1871—dtw

Business Men! ALL persons doing business in the city of Atlanta are hereby notified to come, at once, to my office and renew their licenses; also, make returns on quarterly sales for the quarter ending June 30th, 1871, and pay thereon. All those failing to attend to the above by the 5th instant, will be called on by the Marshal, with cost of $1 added. S. B. LOVE, Clerk of City Council. Atlanta, July 6, 1871. July7—dtm

DISSOLUTION. THE firm of E. Andrews & Co. to this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. ANDREWS, S. S. MAY. Atlanta, July 1, 1871

The business will be continued under the name and firm of C. P. May & Co., at the old Stand, No. 71, Whitehall street. We shall keep a full stock of saddles, harness and saddlery hardware, and solicit the patronage of the citizens of Atlanta, Ga. C. P. MAY & CO. All bills due the firm of E. Andrews & Co., will be collected by the new firm. july2-tf

SEWER AND WATER PIPES, Jugs, Jars, etc. WE are now prepared to make contracts to furnish sewer and Water Pipes to amount of 1,000 feet per day. Our new Press will turn out any size to 18 in. Prices—8 in 6½ cents per inch diameter per foot. We also make Jugs, Jars, etc., to order. Factory on Grant Ferry Avenue, near United States Barracks. Atlanta, Ga. P. O. box No. 124. Office—No. 2, Capitol Building, Marietta Street. may14—dtm

GEORGIA, Fulton County. THIS is to give notice that my wife, Julia Ayer sale, has my consent to become a public trader or free dealer, and to act in the capacity of a feme sole. This July 26th, 1871. E. E. T. ASHBOOTH. july26—dtw3w

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD. ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 28, 1871. LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN, From Atlanta, Ga. TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP, Nine Dollars and Twenty-Five Cents—Including Stage Fare—can be had on application at the office of R. PORTER, Ticket Agent, Union Passenger Depot. R. PORTER, R. D. WALKER, Master Transp'n. june28—2m Gen'l Sup't.

A. & R. A. R. Railway Co. OFFICE OF ATLANTA & RICHMOND AIR-LINE RAILWAY CO. ATLANTA, GA., July 26, 1871. THE PASSENG

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

PRINTED AT NO. 87 PEACHTREE STREET

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

A. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1871.

Subscribe to The Constitution

Parties spending a part or the entire season at the various springs, or at our summer resorts through the country, can have THE CONSTITUTION sent to them by addressing a line to this office.

A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

☞ "Cocktails" is the name of the last humorous paper started in New York. It is as refreshing as an iced champagne cocktail on a hot day.

Ill.

Peter Cartwright, full of years and piety, and the most venerable of clergymen, is now confined to his room by the infirmities of old age, at his home in Illinois.

Persia.

The dispatches bring sad accounts of the situation of the Persians, brought about by the famine. Dead bodies are reported as being devoured by the survivors, and children actually killed to furnish a supply of food.

Paris.

There was a small vote cast in Paris on Sunday last, and a vast majority of the municipal officers chosen belong to the moderate Republican party. They are old supporters of M. Thiers.

Explosion.

The explosion of government property a Washington city a few days since, cost the country many hundreds of dollars. In that same city there will be an explosion in '72 that will save the government many thousands.

☞ Both the Republican and Democratic Conventions in Ohio, having advised the holding of a Constitution l Convention in that State, the people are to vote in October whether or not such a Convention shall be called. The same question will be voted on in Pennsylvania and North Carolina.

☞ Savannah Firemen, says the Macon Telegraph and Messenger, agreed at a special meeting held on Monday evening, upon the late decision of the Supreme Court making them liable to jury duty, to communicate with the heads of departments in the principal cities throughout the State, as to the expediency of calling a convention to take such action upon the law as it may choose.

Exciting Campaign.

The terms of twenty four United States Senators expire a year from next March. This will add much interest to the elections of the coming fall. In eight of the States the Legislatures chosen will be elected with reference to the selection of Senators. The contest will be an exciting one, and doubtless both parties will stretch every sinew to carry these States.

Cheapen Railroad Fares.

Gladstone advises English railroads to favor cheap fares. The advice is good, and should be heeded. Why they continue at the prices they do in this country, is a matter of doubtful policy. Cheap fares induces travel, and not only travel for business, but also for pleasure. There is no doubt but that a reduction in the price of transportation would pay all of our roads.

The Plea of Insanity.

The plea of Insanity is becoming so popular a dodge in all kinds of civil suits as well as criminal, involving the peace of families as well as the safety of life and property, that some change must be made or the idea of justice might as well be given up. The older and stricter views of personal responsibility are demonstrating their wisdom and necessity. The expert business is certainly growing a little alarming, and we are continually reminded of the closer and closer relations which the fundamental religious and civil principles are manifesting. Providence will force the nations to see that the Divine Revelation is the only reliable repository for the principles of safe government and equality of rights and privileges.

Good for Bengal.

The Nawab Nazim, of Bengal, holds a claim for some hundreds of thousands of pounds of sterling, before the British House of Commons. There has been more or less delay in getting his claims before the House, and he was lately informed that it was necessary that forty members must be present in the House in order to carry on business. It is rather a curious thing, that about that time the Nawab purchased exactly forty of the best watches that he could find in London. Why?

It is possible that the Nawab had met some traveler from one of the Southern states of this country, and perhaps, a suggestion was whispered as to how in Radical Legislatures points were carried.

Georgia Western Railroad.

At a meeting of the Directors of this Road yesterday, President Campbell Wallace in the chair, there was a full attendance and much business despatched. Engineers will commence work at once. An additional committee was appointed to assist the President in matters of detail not necessary to be brought before the Board. This Executive Committee consists of Vice President John H. James, Judge Collier and E. Y. Clarke. After an earnest and harmonious meeting the Board adjourned.

Maj. James W. Robinson, now Chief Engineer of the South and North Alabama Railroad, has been appointed Chief Engineer of the Georgia Western, and Mr. John A. Grant, our present most efficient City Engineer, 1st Assistant Engineer.

☞ The Philadelphia Age says that in all parts of the West and Southwest there are symptoms of an Indian war. The Sioux are on the war path, along the upper Missouri, and the mail station between Fort Stevenson and Fort Totten was attacked a few days since, and, despite the presence of a military escort, the house and mail bags were burned.

This outrage was committed by a party of Sioux, who had received rations at Fort Thompson a few days before. Evidently our Indian matters are sadly mismanaged, and yet, Gen. Grant, in accepting the resignation of Gen. Parker, declared: "Your management of Indian matters has been in entire harmony with my policy." It is the Indian policy of Gen. Grant which has thwarted all the schemes of the Board of Indian Commissioners, and if more blood is shed it should be laid at the door of Executive incompetency, if not open complicity with Indian "Rings."

Mr. J. Foss.

We had a pleasant visit from the above named gentleman at THE CONSTITUTION office on yesterday. Mr. Foss is originally from Sweden, but has resided in this country for the past four years. He has been engaged for some time in bringing his countrymen and women to the United States. To Jones, Jasper, Putnam and other counties in Georgia, he has brought about two hundred Swedes. The last time he returned from his native country, he only brought about twenty.

Mr. Foss informs us that all of those that he has brought over are cheerful, happy, and contented, and could not be induced to return to their old homes, and that they are giving entire satisfaction to those who have employed them.

Mr. Foss will leave for Sweden the last of August, and will return to Georgia early in December. He has already applications for over one hundred Swedes.

Mr. Foss will be in the city until Monday; parties who desire to see and converse with him, are requested to call at Dr. White's office, corner Broad and Marietta streets.

Election

Every day the mails bring us news of the growing excitement in North Carolina, over the election which comes off next Thursday, in that State, upon the question of holding a convention to revise the State Constitution, and at the same time will elect members to take seats in the convention, in the event it shall be authorized. The Democrats favor the convention, and the Radicals oppose it. A good deal of feeling is being manifested throughout the State.

Attorney General Akerman, has pretty much vacated his office at Washington, and has been stumping North Carolina, telling the people how they shall, or rather shall not regulate their State matters.

The Constitution was conceived in fraud, and produced by iniquity, and is highly obnoxious to all citizens who have the welfare of the State at heart. The Democrats propose no elections that will conflict with the Constitution of the United States, nor do they make any attempt to interfere "in any way with the rights, privileges or immunities of any person in the State on account of race, color or previous condition." The Radicals oppose any alteration in the present Constitution; and Akerman boldly proclaims that if the Radicals are defeated, the Federal Government will interfere to prevent the meeting of the convention.

Louisiana.

The above State, like many others in the Union, must suffer in pocket for the purpose of sustaining the present administration at Washington. Grant has already entered upon the Presidential race, and if corruption, bribery, and a wasteful expenditure of the public money can win, he is determined upon it. Under the manipulations of Casey, (President Grant's brother-in-law) the Custom-house and Post-office at New Orleans, are being packed, the object being to get possession of the State Government next year, and thus being at the head of the Republican party of the State, control it. The New Orleans Republican of July 20, the leading Radical paper of the State, says: "They are filling the Custom-house with all the political vagabonds of the State. They are giving large salaries out of the public moneys to men who are unfitted for any public employment, and who are only expected to attend club meetings. They are adding hundreds of men to rolls where none are needed, and paying them for work never done."

The Republicans can only be told that their behavior in Louisiana is simply in keeping with their want of principle, character or economy all over the country. The Democracy intend to lift them out of Post-offices, Custom-houses, and all such places soon.

The Georgia University.

The commencement exercises of the above college at Athens, will begin to-morrow. Excitement runs high among its refined and hospitable people, among its beautiful and accomplished women, as well its spirited cavaliers; among old and young alike, and permeates all classes of society. But it is not of this classic and charming town we would write; nor is it of its commencement at which the beauty, worth, talent and refinement of the State will be collected; nor is it of the Alumni dinner, where hundreds, forgetful of the competitions of business, the discords of professional strife, and the fever ish thirst for fame, will be assembled, and will bow themselves in unresisting submission to the *divinity of the place*. It will be a festival of the heart—not of the head. Its concern will be with generous impulses and warm affections, and not with cold deductions of reason. It will bring together those whose memories in common cluster around old Franklin. Reviewing their connection as students, it will strengthen their union as citizens, and upon this we rely to hear a good account of the future provision for education at the University.

In what manner should a Southern youth be educated? is an important question with us at this time. One great fault of the people who hitherto have sent their children to college is that they fix their eyes upon the professions as the future destiny of their sons. This is wrong and unjust, also, to their sons. Many are not inclined to go into a profession; many can never fill a creditable place in the profession; and yet their studies have been such at college as not to qualify them for any pursuit. What we want is an industrial education.

Before us we have some remarks from a distinguished Professor of a scientific school, in which he says: "Why is it that American boys are growing too proud to learn a trade? Is not the cause found in the fact that our whole system of education has quite ignored our industrial life? The only legitimate result of our educational system will be the production of lawyers and doctors (and ministers), or, at the least, clerks and school teachers. In consequence of this defect, children receive the impression that education has no bearing upon mechanics; that a trade is only manual drudgery. The result is that boys select the most effeminate employment in preference to manly mechanical work. When our educational system provides our youth with some intelligent preparation for the prosecution of industrial labor, the trades will be filled by a more cultivated class of young men, and our boys will blush to be found selling pins and needles; but they will not be seen using the hammer and chisel."

Pre-occupied space must shorten this article. Education should be for the farmer, the man of useful labor as well as the professional man. Educate our young men in such a manner as will enable them to see that every acre of our soil is as well cultivated as it can be; that the public roads are as good as they can be; that railroads exist wherever they can be profitably used; that all the mill power in the country is well supplied; that our commerce is prosperous, and that every kind of industry is productive.

Latin and Greek and poetry, astronomy, Mathematics, railroads and steam engines should not only be taught, but also the common sense practical philosophy of life.

☞ An Iowa man says the Dubuque Times, in a delirium of fever, jumped into a well, and came out declaring that he felt better after his bath. That is certainly one way to become a well man.

☞ It is with a view to the fitness of things that the Professor of Elocution at Brown University is a woman. What a woman don't know about talking isn't worth learning.

General News Items.

Andrew Johnson intends to visit Paris.

New York has a daily religious newspaper.

The "Gin Mills" are doing a good business in Boston.

The Labor Reform State Convention of Ohio, was a failure.

The owner of Longfellow refuses to take $10,000 for him.

An Illinois thief recently stole the lightning rod off a church.

Ten million dozen corsets were imported into the United States last year.

The college property of the Methodists in Iowa is valued at $420,000.

Dodge county, Minnesota, produces 1,200 acres of excellent flax this season.

Cincinnati had three hundred and sixty-five divorce cases last year, one a day.

Illinois has an apple orchard in which there are one thousand varieties.

Thirty thousand gallons of castor oil have been made in California this season.

There are sixty-eight colleges for females in the United States.

Newburn, North Carolina, rejoices in big watermelons at three cents apiece.

Calais, Maine, expects to export 200,000,000 feet of lumber this year.

Twenty-five million feet of logs are awaiting a rise in Black River, Wisconsin.

One steamer from Charleston carried 11,000 watermelons to New New York.

It is estimated that the corn crop of Iowa this year will amount to 100,000,000 bushels.

One hundred and seventy-nine trains, carrying passengers, daily arrive and depart from Chicago.

The whole number of army pensioners on the roll June 30th, was 205,232; navy pensioners 3,111.

A Sacramento bride has commenced her honeymoon with a $100,000 check from the "old man."

In the course of one year the pin factories in the United States, eight in number, produced 6,720,90,000 pins.

During the year ending June 12th, 870 patents have been issued, and 359 trade-marks have been registered.

A gentleman near Suffolk, Virginia, sold $3,000 worth of strawberries this year from three-quarters of an acre of land.

Ten Mile Hill, on the South Carolina Railroad, has a rattlesnake fourteen feet long, and twelve inches in circumference.

Raleigh, North Carolina, has a pea pod, of the common field pea species, two feet and two inches long.

The Dental Association of the United States meets at the White Sulphur Springs, Virginia, on the 1st Tuesday in August.

Col. Thomas A. Scott is the President of two railroad companies, Vice President of eleven, and Director of thirty-four.

New Haven has three hundred and seventy-four manufacturing establishments, with an invested capital amounting to $10,000,000.

One street railroad line in New York, the Third Avenue, has eighteen hundred horses, three hundred passenger cars, and employs eight hundred men.

Political Items.

Virginia has ninety-thousand black votes.

Republican State Convention in Mississippi August 30th.

The campaign in Maine is one of the quietest on record.

Grant's prospects for a renomination are improving in some sections of the country.

R. J. Ingersoll, of Illinois, is suggested by his friends as a Republican candidate for Congress at large.

Hon. G. H Pendleton, of Ohio, is advertised for eight stump speeches for that State in September.

The Democracy of California are thoroughly united, and the campaign is being pushed with vigor.

Governor Warmouth causes the removal of Louisiana officials for hostility to the Executive.

Chief Justice Thompson, of Pennsylvania, is spoken of by some as a Democratic candidate for the Presidency.

The Republicans of Mississippi have called a State Convention to meet at Jackson on Wednesday, August 30

The Wisconsin Republican State Convention has been called to meet at Madison, on August 20th.

From Texas, the news is that the people are aroused fully, and that the canvass will be an exciting one.

The Boston Transcript thinks if General Butler is nominated for Governor of Massachusetts it will make a "Dutch gap" in the ranks of the party.

The LaCrosse Leader (Radical) demands that one Keyes, Washburn's backer, be removed from the chairmanship of the Radical State Committee.

Senator Fenton recently spoke at Niagara Falls. He declared his unfaltering devotion to the Republican party, and advised his friends to think less of the loaves and fishes.

The Arkansas Democratic State Central Committee have issued an address indorsing the position taken by the Democracy of Ohio and Pennsylvania, and denouncing all secret political organizations.

Foreign Items.

The famine is causing dreadful havoc in Persia.

Thiers gives audiences at 5 o'clock in the morning.

Prince Bismarck has been created Duke of Luxembourg.

The horses of Paris are rapidly dying up with some disease.

The Italian Parliament has voted the Pope an annual salary of $800,000.

The new Ministerial combination under Serrano, in Spain, has failed.

The People's Journal, published at Dundee, Scotland, has 119,170 subscribers.

A leading paper in Aberdeen, Scotland, is under the control of a woman.

Roast anaconda, is a fashionable delicacy among the natives of Arquipa, Peru.

It is estimated that the opium trade in India will net $40,000,000 next year.

During last year 940,000,000 letters passed through the post-offices of Great Britain.

Two hundred persons have been swallowed up in an earthquake in one of the Phillipine Islands.

A live stock census of Great Britain shows 9,325,972 cattle, 33,787,783 sheep and lambs, and 3,950,730 pigs.

Vivier, the famous French horn player, received $3,000 for playing four pieces at the mansion of Lady Castleton, in England.

It is estimated that 27,000 deaths have occurred in Buenos Ayres from yellow fever; it has at last disappeared. The small-pox has now visited that country.

The Russian Government is selecting localities for new border fortresses, which will be serviceable as additional protection against Austria and Prussia.

There is but one peddler in Ireland. He takes his certificate from the county of Down. In England and Wales there are 56,000, and Scotland, 11,862.

☞ Xylatechnigraphy is the unspeakable application of an art claimed to be new, and which, upon the authority of the Building News, (London) is capable of producing the most rare, delicate and beautiful effects upon wood. It is employed in decorating furniture, and will probably, if all the statements made in regard to it are reliable, soon make itself known in the rich furniture marts of this and other American cities. It is an elaborate process of staining wood in various colors, the natural grain of the wood showing through with unusual brilliancy, and producing an effect described as being soft, rich and harmonious in the highest degree. Doors, ceilings and wainscoting are also decorated in this way. The work is finished with French polish, this high gloss being considered the greatest drawback to the process. It is thought, however, that future experiments will point the way to a more suitable finish, and that then there can scarcely be found any fault with the decorative effects produced by the new process, except its extraordinary cost.

The District Conference.

Editor Constitution: The District Conference of the Atlanta District, convened in Conyers, July 27th, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and was opened by W. H. Potter, Presiding Elder, by prayer.

W. P. Patillo, of Atlanta, elected Secretary, and G. W. D. Cook, Assistant. Sixty-two delegates answered to their names, from the various charges represented.

The following Committees were appointed by the Chair:

First. On the Spiritual State of the Church.
Second. On Sabbath Schools.
Third. On Church Finances.
Fourth. On Education.
Fifth. Church Buildings.
Sixth. Church Literature.

Reports from the Churches were called for, and made, respectively, by Rev. A. Wright from first charge, in Atlanta.

Rev. J. M. Dickey, Pastor of Evans' Chapel, Rev. G. H Patillo, Pastor of Edgewood, 3d and 4th missions.

The business of the meeting is progressing very harmoniously, and the indications are promising that great good will result and the spiritual interests of the church be promoted. On last night the Rev. Atticus G. Haygood preached the opening sermon, and power attended the word. To-day the Rev. W. H. Potter, the presiding officer, gave us an excellent discourse, and to-night the Rev. J. Lewis, Jr., will preach. The congregations are large and the citizens are showing the largest hospitality. We doubt not as the meeting progresses that it will be owned of God and the best results ensue.

A prayer meeting precedes each assembling of the conference and there is preaching at 11 o'clock, A. M., and at night. S.

Public Schools.

Editor Constitution: It is greatly to be feared that the failure to establish the schools during the present year, may exert an unfavorable influence on the minds of the people in regard to them, and against the system of public schools. If this should be the case, it would be greatly to be regretted. What ever the theories may be advanced against the establishment of common schools by the State, it is a significant fact, that in very few instances, if any, where this system has been adopted, it has passed into disuse. On the contrary, the system of public schools has been favored and cherished by nearly every government that has adopted it. This, of itself, should constitute a solid argument in favor of public schools. The statement is also made, that in Norway, Sweeden, Denmark, Holland, Belguim, and in most of the German States, where they have common schools established by law, pauperism, is almost unknown. It is also said, that crime is less frequent.

In England the case is very different. There it is said that every eighth man is a pauper. England has hitherto spent very little on the education of the masses. Not long since she spent thirty millions per annum to support her paupers, and more than this to punish them for their crimes. I am not certain that we are as deeply impressed with the force of the facts connected with ignorance, pauperism and crime as we should be. If we are ever to return to constitutional provisions and limitations, it will be well for us to remember that when suffrage is universal, there is need that education should be universal also. Will private enterprise ever accomplish this? It never has done it; why should it be expected to do it in the future? I mean no reflection on the educators of the country. No class of men have done so much as the teachers of the common schools to carry the benefits of education to every every family. They have done this largely at their own expense. They have taught the children of the indigent for a mere nominal sum. They have, in very many instances, furnished them with books. They could not give a practical solution of the problem, "How shall the masses of the people be educated?" They, however, did what they could, and all honor is due to them for their patient, self-denying labor in this department.

It is proposed to inaugurate a system of public schools which will afford the opportunity, at least, for every youth in the country to secure an ordinary education. The question, how, has not yet been met by the provisions contained in the laws of the State. Under the Constitution it will be very difficult for the Legislature to form a law that will be efficient, and at the same time not be terribly oppressive in very many instances. The Constitution makes it imperative on the Legislature to levy all taxes, and this is limited to one dollar. It is proposed by some, to alter this and make the poll tax greater. The great objection of this is, that as the poll tax now is, there is a large amount of it never collected. If it were made greater, that proportion would be increased so that there would be but little increase of revenue from that source. But, is there no other way by which the end may be reached without oppressing any person by the means necessary to raise a revenue for school purposes. I have taken some pains to go over the articles of universal consumption in this State, and without here going into particulars, will say that, in my judgment, a revenue can be raised on a specific basis that will be ample for the support of the schools of the State for six months in this way. I mean that this added to the means already appropriated in the shape of poll tax, proceeds of State Road, etc. There is a feature of the present law that is very objectionable. A school sustained by a tax, levied on the advalorum basis, is necessarily divided into two classes, to-wit: Children of those who pay taxes, and children of those who pay no tax. Every person conversant with matters of this kind know the effect of this in a school. In addition to what is here stated, there is always a disposition to undervalue that which costs but little. These two causes would combine to render the attendance of the pupils irregular. On the other hand, a fund received by a system of taxation, to which every one would impercepably contribute, would carry into the schools no invidious comparison and would create in the mind of every one a feeling of interest arising, from the fact that they were contributing, according to the law, to the support of the school. Their language would be, "I have an interest there, and my children shall enjoy the benefit of it." Not the interest of a pauper, but the interest of a citizen. R. L.

A Strange Being Discovered in a Texas River.

A. A. Freeman, Esq., member-elect from Haywood county to the next Legislature, related to one of the editors of this paper, in the presence of several well-known gentlemen, the following remarkable story: J. R. Maxey, an intelligent citizen of Bell's Depot, in this county, and keeper of the hotel at that place, and for whom A. A. Freeman vouches as a reliable, truthful man, was fishing in a canoe on July 7, in Forked Deer River, near Bell's Depot, and in that part of the river between the railroad and dirt road bridges, when his attention was called to an object in the river, some fifty yards distant, which presented the appearance of a man drowning.

Maxey rowed his boat within ten feet of the object, and saw a remarkable creature, as the following description will testify: It had a face perfectly white, with features like those of a human being. It had something like moss on its head, instead of hair, and its neck was longer than the neck of a man. Its body down to the waist, or so much of it as was exposed, was covered with black and white spots. It was as large as an ordinary man, and had large black eyes. Maxey was within ten feet of it for ten minutes. He did not see any arms. It looked at him and slowly turned around and disappeared in the water. Thomas Neal, Esq., told Mr. Freeman that he saw the same thing at the same place about three years ago, but did not tell it because he thought he would be laughed at. James Neal and Isaac Ward say they saw the same creature.—*Brownsville (Texas) Sentinel.*

☞ TRIALS OF FEMALE JURORS.—The trial of Nourse, who killed two of his companions, in Cheyenne, while in progress in Cheyenne, with nine men and three married women as a jury. The husbands and children of the lady jurors made an ineffectual effort to get the lady jurors released from custody during the night of the 17th.

This is truly a pitiable condition, both for the husbands and the women, but it is naturally incident to the employment of "women's rights."—*Kansas City (Mo.) News.*

☞ "Boy," said an ill-tempered old fellow to a noisy lad, "what are you hollering for, when I am going by?" "Humph," returned the boy, "what are you going by for when I am hollering?"

☞ An undertaker who was lately finishing up a coffin, being asked whom it was for, replied out on a table, much depends on it, it'll be sure to end in the death of one of 'em."

An Uncommonly Disagreeable Little Beast.

One of the most curious and interesting papers in the English magazines for July, is Mr. Lesley's account in St. Paul's of the "Tasmanian Devil." This is a little beast about the size of a large bull dog, but marsupial, still found in the wilds of Van Diemen's Land. It differs in temper radically from every known beast, and is thus described:

"His natural propensities are those of the gluttonous or sluggish kind, and he will be quiet enough when gorged with flesh and left to undisturbed repose, but the slightest provocation, the merest and most unintentional observation, will turn him at once into a veritable fiend. He then becomes instantly the very type of senseless fury, attacking all before him, dead or living, and flying with equal fierceness at a mastiff or a barn door. Nor is there, while life is left in him, either truce or quarter; as long as a shred of flesh remains to tear or a last bone to shatter he fights on, regardless of the numbers that surround him or his own subsiding strength, until at length his jaws snap faintly, and his life goes gradually out with an infernal snarl. Though taken young, and brought up in captivity, his nature undergoes not the slightest modification. He lives to the last the same surly life, and usually dies in some mad struggle with the bars of his cage. After years of experience, he repeats the same acts of profitless and exhausting frenzy. Without apparent motive he rushes at the wall, beating the air like a rabid lunatic, uttering long growls that seem to choke him, till they break out suddenly into a piercing bark. He shows not the smallest attachment to his guardians or keepers, whom he menaces and swears at from the moment their approach him till they pass completely out of sight. When tired out or over-fed he becomes stupid and sleepy, rolls himself up in a corner and falls into a leaden slumber, from which it is not always easy to rouse him. Nothing can be cheaper than to feed him. He will be satisfied for days together with huge bones, which he cracks up like biscuit, and usually swallows entirely."

No animal can fight him, and he has frequently been known to beat off a whole troop of dogs, and his insane fury give him an inextinguishable courage. Mr. Leaky attacked one with five dogs, who would have been defeated, but that one of them wore an armed collar.

The Maories.

Few savage races have attracted more of the world's attention than the New Zelanders, not more on account of the rich, inexhaustable gold mines which their country is known to possess, its prolific soil and invigorating climate, than from their stubborn resistance to British rule during the last thirty years; their indomitable spirit in a series of sanguinary wars with the British Government; their tenacity and assertion of "native right," and their savagy and bravery—remorseless, it is true, and savage, but nevertheless, effective. Reconcilable, but defiant, they hold much of what they originally claimed. Their chiefs have, many of them, attained to opulence, and several of them are representatives of their race in the Colonial Parliament.

Less than thirty years ago, the Maories (Mouries) were not only fierce savages, but cannibals; and, with the solitary exception of infanticide, were steeped in every vice and crime peculiar to savage warriors. They have now a native literature, can read and write their own language, and are, almost all of them, christianized. They cultivate the soil, have their own flour-mills, and pasture flocks and herds. Many of the chiefs keep their carriages, own gold mines, and are among the richest men of the country. The daughters of these wealthy New Zealanders are trained in modern accomplishments, such as music, singing, and drawing, and in the ball room are as much distinguished for their politeness, as admired for their exterior attractions. Few women in any part of the world, not excepting even the Andalusian damsels, possess greater natural attractions than the half-breeds of this warlike race, where, by the admixture of white blood, the sombre olive is tinted into piquant brunette, the gross native habit of body attenuated into symmetrical development, and the large, dark liquid eyes are instinct with passion, but flashing with intelligence, and subdued by decorum.

To Renovate Land with Clover.

The successful use of clover or grass as a fertilizing crop, on a grain farm, must be confined to two methods: it either must be all left on the ground to shade and protect it from the summer heat, and be turned under to add to the soil the elements absorbed from the atmosphere, or removed in the form of hay, fed to stock in conjunction with the coarse grains of the farm and straw, and the manure it thus makes depended upon to keep up fertility. If the grain farmer adopts the first method, one year is sufficient for the land to be under clover, and if he makes hay, feeds stock, and produces large quantities of manure, the same time is likewise enough to complete his rotation. This, we believe, is the best course for the grain farmer. Pasture is the least profitable use to which he can put his grass and clover. He should feed a great deal of stock in the winter, and pasture as little as possible in the summer. His teams should be stabled and soiled, and his cows have a permanent pasture, so that the clover fields need not be trodden by a single hoof. [*American Rural Home.*

☞ The power to purchase commissions in the British army, which has been the practice for centuries, has been taken away by a royal warrant. A law to that effect had previously failed in Parliament, being rejected by the House of Lords. The New York World well says in this connection:

"This is the rudest rebuke and humiliation the House of Lords have received since the days of Cromwell. When they were asked to give their assent to the bill, it was implied that the subject was within the province of Parliament, and consequently that their assent was necessary to the abolition of the purchase system. If a royal warrant was the proper method, why should a bill have been introduced into Parliament? Mr. Gladstone's recourse to a royal warrant was an *after-thought*—a means of reaching the result when the regular method had failed."

☞ The Rome Bible Society is one of the live institutions of the city. At a late meeting some interesting facts were developed. Out of 541 families which the agent of the Society visited, he found 198 without Bibles. He supplied these, besides about a score of unmarried men and women. The following officers were elected:

S. E. Axson, President; L. R. Gwaltney, Vice-President; I. J. Wood, Treasurer; C. O. Stillwell, Secretary.

By paying $5 one can become a life member of this Society, or an annual member by paying $1.—*Commercial.*

☞ While we were standing on the depot platform at Kansas City, last Monday night, a man rushed up to us and wanted to know if we could tell him where to find a policeman. We informed him that we could not. He then asked us if we had seen a carriage, with a woman in it, leave the depot. We told him we had not. He seemed excited, and after looking up and down the street, he remarked: "Well, d—d their souls, they have got away with my wife again."—*Western Platform.*

☞ The law as a profession was not to the taste of Peter the Great. When he was in England he visited Westminster Hall in term time, and was much struck by the great array of wigs and gowns. "Who are these people?" said the Czar to Lord Carmarthen, who accompanied him.

"They are the lawyers, sir." "Lawyers!" repeated Peter; "why I have only two in my whole dominions, and I believe I shall hang one of them the moment I get back?"

☞ A Sister-in-law of Mr. Wharton, the alleged Baltimore poisoner, writes a private letter to a gentleman in Washington, in which she says that she knows Mrs. Wharton poisoned her (the writer's) husband and child four years ago. The letter is replete with all the bitterness of a woman who imagines herself to have suffered such terrible wrong from another, but it is also somewhat incoherent. [*N. Y. Herald.*

☞ General J. W. Harrison, President of the Blue Ridge Railroad, is in the city, and from him we learn that he will soon leave for the other side of the mountains.

A surveying party is to be placed immediately on the line of the Blue Ridge for the purpose of estimates for narrow guage, and the road, it is said, will be pushed through to Clayton, Georgia, with all possible dispatch. [*Columbia Daily Union.*

☞ They have a machine in England which sets type by steam. It is the invention of Mackie, proprietor of the Warrington Guardian, and is in use in several printing offices, one of which is that of the *Glasgow Citizen.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—H. W. Goode, of North Carolina, was examined, and said: The failure of conviction, and the immediate pardon of rascals, compelled the people to organize. Goode, who was an officer of a railroad company, had bonds of the State tendered his road at a shave of 10 per cent.

The President appointed Commissioners to examine the first twenty miles of the South-ern Pacific Railroad in California.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, July 28.—The proposed change of gauge of the Louisville and Cincinnati Short Line Road, has been postponed till August 13th; narrow gauge rolling stock could not be got from the east sooner. The road will, when the change is made, conform to the gauge of northern connections, making a through line from Louisville to eastern cities without change of cars for freight or passengers.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Negotiations recently in progress here, definitely terminated in the purchase, by the Central Pacific Railroad Company, of the California Pacific Railroad line, between the Valleys and Sacramento.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The first bale of new crop Texas cotton, sold at auction today, in front of the Exchange, at 43 cents.

TEXAS.

BRENHAM, July 28.—Henry Miller, colored, murderer of Dehoys on April last, and convicted by a colored jury, was hung at 1 o'clock in this city to-day. Five thousand persons witnessed the execution.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, July 28.—The Election of delegates to the Republican State Convention, which meets here on the 9th of August, is progressing throughout the Parishes. Lively encounters occur between the Dunn and Warmouth factions. The indications are that a bitter struggle will be had over the nominations, in the meeting to-night at the Mechanic Institute, which will indorse Governor Warmouth's administration of the State Government. Disorders are expected.

The Custom House officials assert that the receipts during the last month were greater than for any preceding June for ten years, while the expenses were two per cent. less.

Sampson Bidwalph, author of Robinson Instructions in Book-keeping, and Librarian of Louisiana State University, is dead.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The schooner off Barnegate which was capsized, with six men clinging to her side, was the Isaac Hinkley, from James River, Virginia. No word has been received from her. It is apprehended her captain and crew are lost.

Nearly half a million dollars in specie goes to Europe to-morrow.

The Post says that thirty-three Cuban cigar dealers, representing $30,000,000 capital, have combined to prosecute persons illegally using foreign brands.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 28.—The Times, in an editorial on the New York riot, says in reference to the procession of the Orangemen, that Governor Hoffman incurred a terrible responsibility in permitting it to take place and in promising it protection. The State, says the Times, ought to interfere with the parades of both Orangemen and Ribbonmen. It should not encourage antagonism and should bring all persons to recognize its rule, dealing equally with the national feelings and prejudices of all.

A Boy "Chawed Up" by a Leopard.

Last Saturday a boy aged fifteen years, son of a widow named Susan Williams, residing in our city, had his left arm badly lacerated and torn by a leopard, in Rosston, Springer & Henderson's show. The boy went in before the show was opened, while the hands were getting the ring ready, and went behind the rope which was stretched in front of the cages, and put his hand out to the leopard, which, as quick as flash, put its paw through between the bars, and caught the boy's hand, drew his arm in and commenced tearing the flesh with his sharp and powerful teeth. Some of the showmen ran to the boy's rescue, and with iron bars succeeded in getting the arm out of the leopard's mouth. Dr. Gilman was called immediately, and Dr. Fithian summoned, who arrived soon, and the two dressed the wound as best they could. The boy was taken home, and Mr. Henderson, one of the proprietors of the show, gave his mother seventy-five dollars, and paid all the doctor bills, amounting to forty-five dollars, and promised to pay all bills till the boy gets well. This we think a rather magnanimous action on the part of Mr. Henderson, as the boy had no business behind the rope, and if he had stayed in his proper place the animal would not have hurt him. At last accounts the boy was getting along well, but it was feared at first that the arm would have to be amputated. [*Danville (Ill.) Commercial, 13th.*

☞ The old Charleston good livers boasted of their wines, and some of their cellars were stored with the oldest and best. One of them, the well known J. L——, said that he had $70,000 worth of wine in his cellar when his house was burned during the war. He thought himself, and was thought to be, the best judge of wine in the State. At a dinner-party where he was a guest it was secretly arranged to bring him into disgrace in the matter of judgment, and the host sent out to a corner grocery, and for a dollar bought a bottle of wine, and had it put upon the table as a specimen rare and extraordinary. Mr. L—— pronounced it the best they had had, and said he: "I recognize the vintage—it is 1784; there is nothing better than this in America."

The shout of laughter that followed assured him that he was sold, and the host explained that he had just procured it, "around the corner."

"Send for the man," said Mr. L——, "and let me see if this is so."

The man soon appeared, and Mr. L—— said to him, "Now I will hold you harmless if you will tell me frankly where you got that bottle of wine."

"Well," answered the grocer, "if you will know, I bought it of one of your niggers!"

"So Mr. L—— had them all, and the laugh was now on the other side.—*News.*

☞ The Hon. James B. Beck, is stumping Kentucky. He declares that when the books of the Navy, the Post-office, the Interior, and other Departments, pass into the hands of the Democracy, such an exhibit of rottenness will be made as will astound the world. He says the heads of those Departments would sooner see Grant emperor to-day, with the right of succession to his son, than see the evidence of their guilt pass into the hands of the Democratic party.

Mr. Beck adds that he expects to hear of a big fire or some other casualty in the Department buildings, if concealment can be maintained in no other way. If Mr. Beck and the masses of the Kentucky Democrats want all this fraud and corruption unearthed, let them come up to the support of the Great and Good Horace Greeley for President.

☞ A new confidence game has been invented in Boston. When an express wagon engaged in delivering goods, is standing in front of a store, a well-dressed fellow comes out and gives a carefully put up parcel a toss over the wagon. Some dishonest individual, seeing the parcel fall in the street, thinks he has a valuable prize, seizes it, and sneaks off. The confidence man follows him at a safe distance, and when he thinks he has his victim in a good place, accosts the latter of having stolen the goodies. The victim, feeling guilty, gladly compromises and restores the package, which is valueless, together with blackmail in proportion to his purse and personal fears.

☞ Colonel E. C. Boudinot has just made a speech to the Cherokees settled in the Indian Territory, advising them and the other tribes in the territory to have their lands sectioned, and after reserving a farm of six hundred acres for each family to sell the remainder. These lands, exclusive of the farms reserved, would yield the Indians ten millions dollars, and in ten years the farms would be worth, on an average, five thousand each, making the Indians the richest community in the world.

☞ Chas Norris has been before the Ku-Klux Committee, at Washington, and represented a terrible state of affairs in Georgia. "Chase" was once a "writ winner" that the Radicals proved all they wanted, which, of course, was every thing but the truth. [*Georgia Clipper.*

The Town of Mariposa.

Mariposa is one of the main stopping places for tourists on the route to Yosemite. The down passengers stop all night there at the Mariposa Hotel, which is a very neat, well-kept, country house, particularly noted for its clear and cold spring water, hot and cold baths. A great novelty about the water is the fact that it is pumped by a dog. The well is fifty feet deep, and the tank is twelve feet above the ground. The dog is put inside a large, but light wheel, weighing 100 pounds, and having a diameter of ten feet.

He knows his business thoroughly, and immediately begins to walk the circular plank flooring, with a business-like and solid stride. He can pump from 500 to 700 gallons of water per day, though he is not required to do so much work. He weighs twenty-five pounds, and is noted for his gravity and sedateness. He never frisks or engages in dog-like frolicking, being impressed with the idea that his business in life is to take it out in work. Tourists must not neglect to see this dog, and take a long draught of the clear, cool water which he pumps.—*Cor. San Francisco Bulletin.*

☞ The conductors, baggage masters, brakesmen and other employes on board the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad trains are now uniformed. The uniform consists of a dark blue suit with brass buttons. The traveling public, it appears, greatly appreciate this new feature, as those in charge of the trains can now be more readily distinguished.—*N. O. Picayune.*

☞ Governor Palmer, of Illinois, is determined to punish the lynchers of Martin Meres, who was hanged by a mob for murdering his son. The brute certainly deserved hanging; but the Governor is right in his resolve to bring the rioters who took the law into their own hands, to a strict accountability for their actions.

☞ At Columbia, writes a South Carolina correspondent, I asked the "friend and brother" who blacked my boots whether he was glad to see Sherman when he came. "Yes, sah," he said, "mighty glad to see him come, and more glad to see him leave."

☞ A Connecticut paper tells this story of a new boy in one of the Sunday Schools: The precocious youth was asked who made the beautiful hills about there, and remarked that he didn't know, as his parents only moved into town the day before.

☞ A story told out in Denver,

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1871.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—A new Silver plated Show Case, ten feet long, is offered for sale, and can be seen at Wardewether's, opposite Jones' Bank.

Matson, at the Live Auction House, under DeGive's Opera House, has an extensive sale of fine Furniture, Horses, Mules, Carriages, etc., commencing at nine o'clock this morning. Burnett, the new-an Auctioneer, delivers a short address at the opening.

The residence of Judge Hopkins on the corner of Currier and Old Peachtree streets, is offered for sale by Wallace & Fowler. The lot has a front of 181 feet and a depth of 375 feet.

C. Powell has an auction sale this morning.

Mark W. Johnson has three hundred barrels of Lime in store. Call "quick" before the supply becomes "slack."

The next term of Mercer University begins on the 4th of October next. Rev. J. L. M. Curry, LL.D., is President elect. See advertisement.

John Tyler Cooper, Clerk of Fulton Court of Ordinary, gives notice of an estray cow.

Eliza R. Wright applies to Judge J. H. Morrow, Ordinary of Clayton county, for exemption of personalty, and setting apart of homestead.

BISHOP G. F. PIERCE, is stopping at the Kimball House.

HENRY L. WHITMAN.—Henry L. Whitman, of the Dalton Citizen, was in the city yesterday.

THERE are a great many strangers in the city, supposed to be on their way to the Commencement at Athens.

SAFES, MIRRORS, AND SHOWCASES.—C. Powell will sell, this morning, a lot of safes, mirrors, and showcases.

CONVALESCING.—Policeman Dixon is convalescing.

Samuel Ogletree and wife are slowly convalescing.

BISHOP BROWN.—Bishop J. M. Brown, of the African Methodist Church, passed through the city yesterday, going down the Georgia Road.

H. T. PHILLIPS, Esq.—We were pleased to welcome back to the city, yesterday, H. T. Phillips, senior member of the firm of Phillips & Crew.

"AND STILL NOT HAPPY."—A girl in her teens in this city cried so hard when her sweetheart left the other day, that she may now be truly said to be in "black despair."

"KEEP SHADY."—John H. Groves, on Whitehall street, will sell you fine melons to-day, and keep them on ice for you until to-morrow at twelve o'clock.

THE MEETING TO-NIGHT.—Let every merchant in the city, every banker, mill r, manufacturer, and all interested in an increase of business in Atlanta, close doors and attend the meeting to-night at the Skating Rink Mall, at 8½ o'clock P. M., Saturday 29th instant.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE.—Mayson, under DeGive's Opera House, has an extensive auction sale this morning. He will sell six fine horses one mule, carriage and harness, and a general line of household furniture. The sale will commence at 9 o'clock.

Mr. Local: Why is it that when the Mason mails get in at 9 10, and the State Road mails at 9 40, we cannot get our mails until after 4 o'clock, P. M.

X Q Z

"Give it up." We refer you to Postmaster Dunning for the information desired.

ACCIDENT AT NORCROSS.—Maj. J. S. James met with an accident on yesterday as the down train from Gainesville was passing Norcross. Maj. J., attempting to jump off while the train was in motion, fell and broke his leg between the ankle and knee joint. Coulsin John Thrasher being on the spot, called in Dr. S. K. Lewis and had him properly cared for. We learn the Major is now doing as well as could be expected.

GAINESVILLE HOTEL.—An overflowing number of patrons are enjoying the elegant hospitalities of this most pleasant hotel, in order to be in easy access to the adjacent springs. Not less than thirty five Atlantians are present. Messrs. Carleton & Sons, the genial hosts, will be obliged to enlarge their house in order to accommodate, if the influx of visitors continues.

Mr. Local: Please allow me a small space in your columns to announce to my friends and patrons that my school will open on the 28th of August, and will be glad of their continued favor.

I also wish to contradict a report promulgated by Mr. Shumate, to the effect that our schools would be consolidated for the next term. I most *emphatically* deny giving him any authority to use my name, having no acquaintance with the gentleman.

MRS. C. A. MAFFIT.

THE SULPHUR SPRINGS.—Col. Samuel R. McCamy, proprietor of the Springs, about six miles from Gainesville, whose advertisement appeared in our columns a short time since, is receiving large numbers of visitors. A hack is in attendance when the cars arrive at Gainesville to convey passengers to the Springs. We have heard a great deal of praise bestowed upon the cuisine of the jovial Colonel's establishment.

QUICK WORK.—Messrs. Buice & Co., lumbermen on the Air-Line Road, felled some green timber, standing in the forest at 10 o'clock, which was immediately sawed into lumber, and this car load, together with twelve or fifteen more, shipped to Atlanta. On reaching the beautiful city of Norcross, one car-load was purchased by our enterprising friend, Ed Munday, to be used in the manufacture of trunks at his extensive factory. A specimen may be seen this morning at THE CONSTITUTION office, in the shape of a beautiful traveler's valise, which was seen growing in the woods yesterday at 10 o'clock. How is this for quick?

HOMESTEAD DECISIONS.—In the case of Henry Cohen, applying for a homestead in his stock of goods on Whitehall street, and to certain goods in Conyers, Georgia, heard to-day by his Honor Judge Pittman, objection was made to the application on various grounds. The court held that it was necessary for the applicant to append to his petition a schedule of all their property owned by him, and all debts due him and continued the case.

Well & Rhinehart, for the applicant.

Bang & Arnold and Newman & Harrison, for objecting creditors.

In the case of the Vances applying for three homesteads in the furniture of the American Hotel, objection was made on the ground that the homesteads were claimed in undivided interests in property, which was overruled and the exemption allowed.

Calhoun, for applicant

Jackson & Bro., Newman & Harrison, Farrow & Thomas and Byington, objecting.

LAGRANGE, GA., July 27, 1871.—*Dear Local:* You seek something new, even at the cannon's mouth and like the Greeks, stand at the street corners and ask "*Quid nunc?*"? I beg to hand you some new corn raised in Troup county this year by Mr. W. T. Lofdin, and also some meal ground from the corn at the new improved mill of Col. R. M. Young, an interesting citizen who would be happy if he had a new bridge at the mill privileges north of Lafayette and a good road to town.

Make you a better-cake out of this new meal, and if you like it, go to Young's mill to have your grinding done.

Colonel Y. has invested, and still is investing thousands of dollars at his mill, erecting a grist and flour mill and saw-mill, and intends to build a gin and card factory, I understand. Such enterprises should be sustained and encouraged till there are enough mills and factories to grind every grain of corn (not much at present) and weave every pound of cotton raised at the south.

Then, and not till then, can we hope to be free, independent, and sovereign, departure or no departure.

Truly yours, W. O. T.

SETTLED.—We are gratified to announce that all the seeming differences between H. I. Kimball and the city Council relative to the rental of Oglethorpe Park, was entirely settled last night by Council accepting $9,000 in currency in lieu of $10,000 of 7 per cent. city bonds, now valued at 72 cents. According to the contract, Mr. Kimball was required to return a rental of $12,500 in city 7 per cent bonds on the 1st day of July.

Mr. Kimball desired Council to postpone until after the coming fair, the return of the bonds, thinking that the interest of the city would be as well secured by the return of the bonds with the coupons attached, on the last day of December, as on the first day of July. Believing that his proposition would be accepted, he made no effort to secure the bonds. Ascertaining, upon the 21st inst., Committee that owing to a legal objection in the way, and that Council could not accept this proposition Mr. Kimball proposed to pay the currency value of the bonds. This Council agreed to accept, estimating the value of the bonds at 72 cents to the dollar.

Mr. Kimball accordingly paid to the Clerk $9,000, the currency value of $12,500 of city 7 per cent bonds at 72 cents. His Honor Mayor Hammond stated that the proposition of Mr. Kimball was a fair one, and would have been accepted, but for a legal objection which rendered it impossible for Council to defer the

GEORGIA SUPERIOR COURTS.

Causes to be Docketed in the Supreme Court, at Present Term, 1871.

4. Alla'ma Circuit	19	13. Rome Circuit	12
5. Southwestern Circuit	25	14. Cherokee Circuit	10
6. Pataula Circuit	42	14. Northern Circuit	5
7. Chattahoochee Circuit	22	15. Augusta Circuit	40
8. Macon Circuit	16	16. Middle Circuit	1
9. Pelaw Circuit	18	17. Ocmulgee Circuit	9
10. Tallapoosa Circuit	5	18. Eastern Circuit	6
11. Atlanta Circuit	52	19. Brunswick Circuit	5

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—*July 29, 1871.*—Argument in No. 15, Southwestern Circuit, was continued.

No. 16 was argued. H. to A. S. Bones vs. J. D. Collier et al., Inquiry, from Sumter.

Hawkins & Bones, S. C. Elam, for plaintiff in error.

L. T. Goode for defendant.

No. 17 was argued. It is Wm. Stevins, administrator, vs. The Southwestern Railroad Company. Motion to dismiss suit, from Sumter.

Hawkins & Burns for plaintiff in error.

N. A. Smith for defendant.

No. 18 was taken up. It is Seymour, Johnson & Co., vs. James M. Cobb. Complaint, from Sumter.

N. A. Smith for plaintiff's in error.

C. T. Goode for defendant.

At the conclusion of the opening argument Court adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

N. J. HAMMOND,
Supreme Court Reporter.

[OFFICIAL.]

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL.—*Atlanta, July 28, 1871.*—Council met. Present:—Hon. Dennis F. Hammond, Mayor, and a full Board of Aldermen, except Alderman Lowry.

PETITIONS.

Of J. M. Calhoun, L. P. Grant, et al., for right of way through a portion of lot of land No 21, in the 14th District of Fulton county. Referred to Street Committee.

Of F. D. Thurman, relative to excessive assessment of property. Referred to TAX Committee.

Of Board of Trustees of the Street Railroad, asking that the grade of Peters street from the Macon and Western Railroad crossing to the top of Castleberry's Hill be defined. Referred to Street Committee.

Of Edward Nackerson, on Calhoun street, asking for relief. Referred to Relief Committee.

Of Guilford & Hill, a king for remission of ten dollars from tax on them as dealers in pianos, etc. Referred to TAX Committee.

Of Mrs. M. J. ——, relative to excessive assessment of property. Referred to TAX Committee.

Of Isaac Steinheimer, asking for the removal of a fence placed across an alley by Mr. Fuller. Referred to Street Committee.

Of J. R. Wallace, President of Fulton Loan and Building Association, and J. W. Sparks, asking that Council instruct the Marshal to have removed the wooden building erected by Alderman McLendon on the corner of Line and Pryor streets. Not acted on.

Of W. L. Morris, for permission to cut down the sidewalk on Rac Track street, near L. H. Davis' brick yard. Referred to Street Committee.

Of W. P. Bohn, for free license to retail spirituous liquors for three months. Referred to TAX Committee.

Of Thomas Murphy, for assistance on account of injuries sustained while working on the street. Referred to Relief Committee in First Ward, with power to act.

Of Reau Campbell, W. L. Gordon, et al., to open Foster street from Calhoun to Randolph streets. Referred to Street Committee.

Petitions for free license to peddle on streets, and mend shoes, by colored persons, read and granted.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Cemetery, favorable, on petition of Mrs. J. M Johnson, for exchange of a lot in the old cemetery for one in the new. Adopted.

MCLENDON'S SHANTIES.

Alderman Cassin made a minority report from the Special Committee on the erection of wooden buildings at the corner of Line and Pryor streets in the fire limits, as follows: "Having examined the city ordinances as they apply to the wood n buildings erected by Mr McLendon, on the corner of Line and Pryor, I would report that, in my judgment, the erection of said buildings is a violation of the city ordinances found in sections 132 and 208. I would therefore recommend said buildings to be taken down by Mr. McLendon at his own expense, if by his action as a member of Council they were so erected."

Alderman Rice explained that when he voted for the resolution to authorize Mr. McLendon to put up buildings, he was misled by the statement of Mr McLendon relative thereto.

After remarks by Alderman Fowler, Cassin and McLendon, Alderman Wells moved to adopt the report.

Adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—Cassin, Wells, Rice, Fowler.

Nays—Grubb, Graham.

Not voting—McLendon, Snyder, Finch.

On motion of Alderman Snyder the resolution as passed was construed to mean the new shanty erected by Mr. McLendon, and not the table at the corner.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Street, favorable, on petition of A. C. Wyly, et al., for straightening of Nelson street, and recommending the appointing of assessors to ascertain damages on both propositions; and also, the damages for widening Thomson and Nelson streets; the city reserving the right to accept or object any assessment. Adopted.

Special, favorable, on petition for extension of Spring street, and recommending that Council proceed to open the street. Adopted.

Finance, that they had agreed with H. I. Kimball to accept $9 000 in currency, in lieu of $12,500 in city 7 per cent. bonds, estimating the value of bonds at 72 cents, rental of Fair Grounds. Adopted.

Mr. J. C. Kimball made a few remarks in explanation of the settlement, and paid over the $9,000 to the Clerk of Council.

Of Finance, favorable, making annual appropriations asked for by Fire Department. Adopted.

Of City Attorney, on petition of J. M. Harwell, recommending that the award of damages granted to Jesse Laughlin for damage to lot by widening of Fair street, be not paid to Laughlin, as Harwell holds the titles. Adopted.

Of City Attorney, on petition of Jerry W. Goldsmith, that Council had sold to Elsas & Bro. more ground than they had title to. Referred back to City Attorney for final adjudication.

TAX, favorable on petition of L. C. Wells et al. for cost expended by them in the Water-Works case.

Alderman Rice made a minority report adverse to granting petition. Adopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Fowler. Adopted.

Resolved, That Council appoint as assessors on extension of Spring street, Columbus M. Payne and Dr. H. L. Wilson.

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to work out Alexander street.

Resolved, That the committee on wells, pumps and cisterns be instructed to have a well dug in the neighborhood of the rolling Mill for the benefit of the citizens in that vicinity, and the unwilling public.

By Alderman Wells—adopted

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to put down a rock culvert on Markham street near the colored Baptist Church.

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to build abutments to the bridge across the state Road on Jones avenue during the coming week.

Authorizing the Mayor to offer a reward of $100 for the arrest of Webster Tompkins, who shot policeman Dixon.

By Alderman Rice:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be instructed to build a culvert on Spring street, near Walton Spring.

Adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—Cassin, Wells Snyder, Finch, Rice, Fowler.

Nays—McLendon, Grubb, Graham.

By Alderman Fowler—Adopted:

Resolved, That Cone street be worked from the branch to Jackson street, and a culvert built across the branch.

RENTING IN PARK AT OGLETHORPE PARK.

J. C. Kimball petitioned Council to place a policeman at Oglethorpe Park to prevent boys and men from bathing in the lakes there. Granted.

PIPE'S.

By Alderman McLendon—adopted:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be instructed to lay down pipe for sewers on Marietta, Whitehall, Mitchell and other streets.

POLICEMEN ELECTED.

Arthur Lockhart was elected policeman at Oglethorpe Park, to be paid by J. C. Kimball, and W. S. Leard at Atlanta and West Point Depot, to be paid by the Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE

Recommending the payment of bills amounting to $8,448 07. Adopted.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

John H. Flynn, from the Board of Education, stated that the Board had awarded the contract for building three schoolhouses to Pitts & Cook for $11,277 cash, and asking Council to approve the same. On motion Council concurred in the action.

ALDERMEN ON EXTENSION OF NELSON STREET.

E. E. Rawson and Thomas Alexander were elected Aldermen on extension of Nelson street.

FINALE.

Council then adjourned.

THE most complete picture frame manufactory in the city is owned by Phillips & Crew. These gentlemen receive orders in their book store, buy the best picture glass from first hands, and are prepared to make over and square frames, at a few hours' notice. Special attention given to orders from a distance. Address Phillips & Crew.

Avoid Quacks.

A VICTIM of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. TUTTLE,
jan8-dcod3m 79 Nassau street, New York.

HOTEL ARRIVALS,

THE K. I. KENDALL HOUSE, JULY 29, 1871.

Goldsmith & Co., Proprietors.

P S Flick, Ohio
E B Hamilton, N Y
J H Hamilton, Ga
W H Hall, Ga
C C Hall, Ga
R M Smith, Ky
H E D Pidgeon, city
W M Crockford, do
T W Hooper, Ga
F E Hooper, Ga
T J Jackson, Jr, Ga
J T Smith, S C
A Baldwin, N Y
G W Elsas, N Y
J A Davidson, Ga
G Cook, Conn
P Doughtie, Ky
J B Jones & l Dawson, Miss
J T Thomas, "
W J No lern & w, Sparta, Ga
H H Hardaway & w, Ga
E P Bauer, "

J W Sanford, Macon
J M Yeats, Ga
Col J T Denny, "
C W Styles, Albany
F W Pratt, Dunbarton
B L Douglass, Cincinnati
E Burnett, Conn
J M Jones, Ky
W H Jackson & l, Wartrace
D S Prinup, Mass
G W Bryan & w, Ga
E st Burnett, R I
J M Bostal, N Y
J Hagan, Louisville
C C Gage, Fla
T W Blatner, Ga
Miss A Sanders, Ga
T Sanford, Madison
J P Boyer, S C
D E Pettin, Augusta
Miss Vo lee, Fl
J Smith, Monticello,
Mrs Barnard and d, Ga
E D Rudy, N Y

Local and Business Notices.

W. H. BROTHERTON sells the cheapest Boots and Shoes in Atlanta. Calf BOOTS only $3. july29-d1t

THE largest Watermelons and the finest Sweet Potatoes of this year's growth, at R. H. GOODMAN'S, july28-d3t Peachtree street.

ROOMS TO RENT.—20 Rooms to rent, formerly occupied as the Stubblefield House on Alabama street, suitable for offices or bedrooms. Possession given at once. Apply to M. Stubblefield, at National Hotel. july28-d1w.

LEMONS! LEMONS!! LEMONS!!!—30,000 Lemons received by Stokes & Bro.—$7 to $8 per box, according to quantity taken. july28-d1w

BETTER, QUICKER, CHEAPER Binding, Ruling, etc., done at Hanleiter's than any other establishment. Send your books, magazines, papers, etc., at once.

WM. R. HANLEITER,
july19-tf Box 249.

OUR Coal is *genuine Coal Creek* (not Caryville) *Coal*. We sell at 24 cents per bushel, by the car load. J. M. BORN, JR., & CO.
july13-deod10t

J. M. BORN, JR., & Co., sell the same Coal formerly sold by them and Edward Parsons.
july13-deod10t

J. M. BORN, JR., & Co., are selling *genuine Coal Creek Coal* at 24 cents per bushel, by the car load. july13-deod10t

MILWAUKEE BEER at John Peel's, Marietta street. july2—deod1m

THE PEOPLE REJOICE.—For Prof. Isaacson has discovered the great "Sure Pop" on Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bugs. It is certain in its effects, it will do what no other rat poision will do, it is never failing, and the great beauty is the rats leave the premises to die. Prof. I. has certificates of the highest order, we have seen them and know them to be genuine. Try the "Sure Pop" and our word for it, you will not regret the investment of 25 cents.—*Davenport Democrat.*
july25-deod6t

PREPARE for winter now, as we are selling the best Coal in this market at 24 cents per bushel, by the car load.
july13-deod10t J. M. BORN, JR., & Co.

THE effect of Simmons' Regulator on the stomach, liver and kidneys is prompt and effectual. july18—deod1w&w1t

I HAVE for years been opposed to Calomel, and since 1839 have used Simmons' Liver Regulator as a Vegetable Remedy, and can confidently assert that it has exceeded my expectations, curing cases of Dyspepsia and Liver complaint that were thought almost hopeless.

GRENVILLE WOOD,
Wood's Factory, Macon, Ga.
july25-deod6t&w1t

MIDSUMER MALADIES.—The hot solar rays that ripen the harvests generate many distressing diseases. If the liver be at all predisposed to irregularities, this is the season in which bilious attacks may be anticipated. A weak stomach, too, is weakest in the summer months, and the loss of vitality through the pores by excessive perspiration is so great, that a wholesome tonic, combining also the properties of a diffusive stimulant and gentle exhilarant, is in many cases necessary to health, and under no circumstances should be dispensed with by the sickly and debilitated. Of all the preparations intended thus to refresh, sustain and fortify the human frame, there is none that will compare with Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. They have been weighed in the balance of experience and not found wanting; have been recommended from the first as a great medicinal specific, not as a beverage, and in spite of interested opposition from innumerable quarters, stand after a twenty years' trial, at the head of all proprietary medicines intended for the prevention and cure of all ordinary complaints of the stomach, the liver, the bowels, and the nerves. In the unhealthy districts bordering the great rivers of the South and West, Hostetter's Bitters may be classed as the standard one for every species of intermittent or remittent fever. The people who inhabit those districts, place the most implicit confidence in the preparation—a confidence that is increased every year by the results of its operation.

As bitters, so called, of the most pernicious character, are springing up like fungi on every side, the public is hereby forewarned against the dram-shop frauds. Ask for Hostetter's Bitters, see that the label, etc., are correct, and remember that the genuine article is never sold in bulk, but in bottles only.
july25-deod6t&w1t

LEITER continues to do all kinds of Ruling and Book Binding. Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga. nov17-dly

WE are Agents for the Battle Creek Coal Mines, and are prepared to furnish Coal for grates or steam, by car load, delivered in Atlanta, at 23½ cents per bushel, or at 18 cents on cars at Chattanooga. This Coal is the best offered in our market, and this is the time to buy your Coal for winter.
july7—dtf ANDERSON, PATTON & Co.
Chattanooga, Tenn.

As the season is advancing we are offering our immense stock of Men's, Youth's, Boy's and Children's Clothing at reduced prices. Our assortment is composed of garments suitable for the season, such as Linens, Ducks, Serges, Drabdetes, Flannels and light weight Cassimeres, in all shades and qualities. Every one can be suited who will favor us with a call.

EISEMAN & BRO.,
Clothiers and Tailors,
april29—dtf 56 Whitehall street.

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER stands unequaled for making light, healthy, and nutrious rolls, biscuits, griddle cakes, etc. The ingredients used in the manufacture of this powder are not only chemically pure, but so proportioned that the results produced are the same each time. In this respect it possesses superiority over all others in the market. Only two teaspoonfuls are required for a quart of flour. For sale by grocers generally. Use Dooley's Yeast Powder only. Dooley & Brother, Proprietors, 69 New street, N. Y.
june26-d1w

PEEL'S RESTAURANT.—This popular resort is still open to the public. Everything nice can be had here. The bar is supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars. Confectioneries and fruits of all kind. All orders must be accompanied with the cash.
apr27-dly

"ELECTIC INSTITUTE,"
Baltimore,
97 and 99 Mt. Vernon Place.

THIS School will open as usual, on the 18th of September, 1871, and close June 26th, 1872. Boarding limited to 40 pupils. Terms, $250 per session. Circulars prepared to make over and square frames, at a few hours' notice. Special attention given to orders from a distance. Address Phillips & Crew.

MRS. LETITIA TYLER SEMPLE.....PRINCIPAL.

THIS School will open as usual, on the 18th of September, 1871, and close June 26th, 1872. Boarding limited to 40 pupils. Terms, $250 per session. Circulars prepared to make over and square frames, at a few hours' notice. Special attention given to orders from a distance. Address Phillips & Crew.

SOMETHING WOULD BE WELL TO HAVE THE April crop of pupils may be entered at her for the half session, closing on September 1st, or for full session, closing on December 22d, opening in February.

For circulars apply to the Principal.
july19—dcod6t

SOUTHERN HOME FEMALE SCHOOL,
Greensboro, Ga.

THE Fall Session will open on the 1st of September, and close June 26th, 1872. Boarding limited to 40 pupils. Terms, $250 per session. Circulars prepared to make over and square frames, at a few hours' notice. Special attention given to orders from a distance. Address Phillips & Crew.

BILL HEADS, LABELS, LETTER HEADS, AND in fact every variety of Job Printing done at THE CONSTITUTION office with dispatch.

Blue Mountain Route
VIA
SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD
AND
Its Connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 6:30 P. M. train of Western and Atlantic Railroad, arrive at Rome 11:30 P. M., making close connections with mail train of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma 10:30 A. M., and at Montgomery, via Southern and Mobile Railroad, at 10:35 P. M.

The road has been recently equipped, and the equipment is at entirely new. Coaches too superior for any in the South for strength and beauty of finish.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN ROME AND SELMA.

Pullman's Palace Cars

Run through from Rome to Montgomery without change. Passengers for Montgomery, Selma and points below, arriving in Atlanta by evening trains, AVOID A NIGHT'S DELAY in Atlanta by taking this route.

This is the only line out of Atlanta making close and direct connections via Meridian to Jackson, Vicksburg, Memphis and other points in North Louisiana. Purchase tickets via Kingston at General Ticket office.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH. Rates to all points as low as by any other route.

E. G. BARNEY, General Sup't.
JOHN B. PEIX, Gen. Pass'r Agent. may30-dtf

DR. TUTT'S
SYRUP OF SARSAPARILLA
AND
QUEENS DELIGHT.

THIS VALUABLE PREPARATION combines all the Medicinal virtues which long experience has proven to possess the most safe and efficient Alterative and deobstruent properties for the cure of Scrofula.

King's Evil,
White swellings,
Ulcers,
Cancerous and Indolent Tumors,
Mercurial and Syphilitic Affections,
Enlargement and Ulceration of the Bones, Glands, or of the
Womb, Spleen and Kidneys.

All the various Diseases of the Skin, such as; Tetter,
Ringworms,
Boils,
Pimples, Sore Eyes, &c.,
Nervous Excitation,
Dropsy and all Diseases
Originating from a depraved state of the Blood.

Also, many affections peculiar to Females, as:
Suppression,
Irregularity,
Leucorrhœa or Whites,
Sterility,
Ovarian and
Uterine Dropsy, etc., etc.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE.

FOR SYPHILIS, and all its train of evils, it is a SURE ANTIDOTE.

Prepared at the Laboratory of
WILLIAM H. TUTT, AUGUSTA, GA.

For Sale by Dealers in Medicine everywhere. my17-deod 6m

Atlanta Water Cure.

DR. P. KALOW, late of Germany, would most respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and the surrounding country that he has opened an establishment on Hunter street, in the Larendon House, for the cure of all chronic disease. Special attention given to the following diseases: Liver Complaint, in all its forms; Syphilis, in all its forms, Fevers, Epilepsy, Sterility, Asthma, Lameness, Nervousness, and diseases peculiar to women, &c.

I refer to the following persons, who have been and are being treated at my establishment: Mr. J. W. Rucker, of Chapman, Rucker & Co.; Maj. W. B. Cox, of Cox & Hill; Capt. J. W. Hill, John and James Lynch, T. J. Hightower & Co., J. Fielshel; Bozeman & Kontz.

Macon Telegraph, Savannah Republican and Montgomery Advertiser please copy as above, and send bill to this office. june13—Tues&Sweom2m

GRANTVILLE, GA., April 7, 1871.

Messrs. McBride & Co., Atlanta, Ga:

We have just marked the Crockery, etc. We are pleased with the bill. Allow us to congratulate you on securing such a good packer—scarcely a piece broken.

Fill the order for Cutlery at lowest prices.

Truly yours,
GARRETT & ZELLERS.

McBride & Co.,
Manufacturers' Agents
FOR
FRUIT JARS,
Cheapest first-class Jars in the Market.

And all Standard Jars, Strictly at Manufacturers' Prices.

500 Crates
Assorted Granite, etc.,
Ware exactly suited to wants of
COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
Our Own Importation
IN
ORIGINAL PACKAGE,
contain no
High-Priced Dishes,
OR
UNSALEABLE GOODS.
Will sell for net CASH for $90 per Crate.
apr6-dtf

IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO
CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

All Retail Orders amounting to $20 and Over Delivered in any Part of the County
FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,
OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the want of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a
SAMPLE BUREAU,
and will, upon application, promptly send by mail full lines of Samples of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods, of FRENCH, ENGLISH and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE, guaranteeing at all times to sell as low, if not at less prices, than any house in the country.

Buying our goods from the largest and most celebrated manufacturers in the different parts of Europe, and importing the same by Steamers direct to Baltimore, our stock is at all times promptly supplied with the novelties of the London and Paris markets.

As we buy and sell only for cash, and make no bad debts, we are able and willing to sell our goods at from TEN to FIFTEEN PER CENT. LESS PROFIT than if we gave credit.

In writing for samples specify the kind of goods desired. We keep the best grades of every class of goods, from the lowest to the most costly.

Orders unaccompanied by the CASH will be sent C. O. D.

PROMPT-PAYING WHOLESALE BUYERS are invited to inspect the Stock in our Jobbing and Package Department.

Address HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,
Nos. 199, 201 and 203 West Baltimore Street,
apr4-dcod1y Baltimore, Md.

ATLANTIC & GULF RAILROAD.

ON and after this day, July 25th, Schedule No. 11, leaving Atlanta 3:45 P. M., will run every day, Sunday's included.

PALACE SLEEPING CARS ATTACHED.

July One Change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta, 3:45 P. M., by this Route, arrive in New York at 4:24 P. M., 6 hours 39 minutes from Atlanta. Over Three Hours Quicker than by any Route.

Schedule No. 3, will run Sundays from Dalton, arriving at Atlanta 2:20 P. M.

E. P. WALKER,
Master Transportation.
Atlanta, Ga., July 25, 1871.—dw (Sunday)

SOUTHERN
MASONIC FEMALE COLLEGE,
COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

THIS Institution is under the patronage of the Grand Lodge of Georgia. Circulars can be had at the office of the Grand Secretary, No. 22½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, or of the Rev. J. H. BRADDEAN, President.
july25—dtm

THE ATLANTA
Ice Manufacturing Co.
IS NOW READY TO SELL ICE
AT THEIR DEPOT,
At the Bridge on Broad Street,
Where Orders will be received and Tickets Sold.

Ice Sent by Rail
TO ALL CONVENIENT POINTS.
Terms Cash.

All orders should be addressed to
EPHRAIM TWEEDY,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.

P. S.—Orders for the delivery of Ice at Oglethorpe Park will be promptly attended to.
RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED
july26—2w

Special Notice.
Excursion Return Tickets!
GREAT REDUCTION!

THE WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD has put on excursion tickets, good for ten days, between Atlanta and Lookout Mountain, at the following rates:

1 Camera Syringe and Stand	$ 75
1 Camera Syringe	50
1 Microscope	25
1 "	50
1 "	75
1 "	1 00
1 "	1 50
1 "	2 00
1 Magic Lantern and Views	1 00
1 " " "	1 50
1 " " "	2 00
1 " " "	2 50
1 " " "	3 00
1 " " "	4 00
1 " " "	5 00
1 " " "	6 00
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1 " " "	10 00
1 " " "	12 00
1 " " "	15 00
1 " " "	20 00
1 " " "	25 00
1 " " "	30 00
1 " " "	40 00
1 " " "	50 00
1 " " "	60 00
1 " " "	75 00
1 " " "	100 00

These goods being on own account and a desire to close out, we propose closing them out to the trade at low prices.

Liberal cash discount made on consignments, of $100 and upwards.

EPHRAIM TWEEDY,
Agent Atlanta, Ga.
may3—dtf

W. B. LAWSON
OFFERS his services to parties wishing anything PURCHASED IN NEW YORK, which they may not find to suit them in Home Markets. The articles will be bought as low as possible, and only a small commission charged for purchasing.

Address letters W. B. LAWSON,
252 Broadway.

Refers to Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., Moore & March, Atlanta, Ga. july18—dtm

JOHN LEIPER. S. F. MENEFEE.
Established 1850.
LEIPER & MENEFEE,
Near the Railroad Depot,
MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Produce, Bacon, Lard, Wheat, Corn Etc., Etc.
Agents for the purchase of COTTON.

WAREHOUSE
Immediately on Track Railroad.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE
Can Store, of Sold in, for Parties,
100,000 bushels of Grain,
And keep it for sale, until having Storage, Storage and Weeks in Summer.

JOHN T. COX. HENRY A. MERRY
COX & MERRY,
PRODUCE
AND
Commission Merchants,
No. 308 Broad Street,
Augusta, Ga.

THE MISSES LANE
WILL OPEN A
Boarding School for Young Ladies,
IN NEW YORK CITY, ON
Wednesday, September 20th, 1871.
For information or circular apply to Dr. J. P. Duncan, Atlanta, Ga. july25—dtm

JOHN STEPHENS. JOHN H. FLYNN.
STEPHENS & FLYNN,
General Commission Merchants
IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, HAY, LIME, GUANO, SALT LIQUORS, ETC.,

HAVE NOW IN STORE, and offer to the trade:

100,000 lbs. Bacco—clear and rib sides,	40,000 lbs. Sugar cured Hams,
150,000 lbs. Dry Salt Meat, clear rib sides,	20,000 lbs. Dry Salt Meat, clear sides,
6,000 bushels choice White Corn,	1,000 bushels choice Yellow Corn,
	1,000 barrels Flour—best brands.

In addition, we are receiving from the Western States, and keep a full assortment of Produce and Groceries. Being Agents for the sale of the celebrated Pure Rye Whiskies, Rock Island, Rock Valley, Mills, we are receiving daily and have in store, the

"R. E. Lee," "Lebanon XXXX," and "Belle of Lebanon"

Brands, and can guarantee the quality equal to any [illegible] Whiskies now made.

LIME! LIME! LIME!
Having the Agency for sale of the HOWARD LIME, made by the Howard Company, of Howard Station, Georgia, in order to [illegible] every thing that COMES TO THE MARKET.

Domestics and Cotton Yarns sold at Factory Prices.

500 Sides Choice Hog to store.
40,000 Lbs. Lard in Tierces, Cans and Buckets.
50 Barrels choice Corn Whisky.
15 barrels choice [illegible] Years old.)
10 bbls [illegible] Rye.
These goods being on own account and a desire to close out, we propose closing them out to the trade at low prices.
Liberal cash discount made on consignments, of $100 and upwards.
STEPHENS & FLYNN,
may3—dtf 57 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN T. HAGAN,
114 WHITEHALL STREET,
AND
37 PEACHTREE STREET,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Announcement Extraordinary!
FROM THIS DAY I WILL RETAIL
Petro Oil at Forty Cents per Gallon!
DEALERS IN THE TRADE CITY WILL SELL AT THE SAME PRICE.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE PRICE DOWN. A year's trial of this oil has satisfied the people that it is not dangerous. Those who have been using KOAL OIL will find that they can save from 25 to 50 per cent. by using PETRO OIL.

LAMPS AND LAMP FURNITURE
IS COMPLETE.
The Saloon in Pendleton House will not be open for the present.
Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Liquors and Fancy Articles.
Goods delivered free of charge, and every attention guaranteed to give satisfaction.
CASH BUYERS—I will sell cheaper than any house in the city.

Hutchinson's Single and Double
CIDER MILLS,
The American Cider Mill
LIGHTNING APPLE PARERS,
High mig Peach Parers,
Also, a large arrival of
Fresh Turnip Seed,
—AT—
ECHOLS & WILSON'S
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
BROAD STREET, BY THE BRIDGE.

N. B.—Our Stock of every class of IMPLEMENTS is being daily added to. Every Implement for the Farm and Garden can be

The Daily Constitution.

LYING ABED IN THE MORNING.

I love to roam in the shady groves,
Where the gentle breezes are flowing;
I love to sit at the festal board,
Where luckworking bakers are smoking;
I love to gaze at the golden hues,
Where red the west is adorning;
But this I own I better than all—
To lie abed in the morning.

The birds should sing of the joys of spring,
As pert in the lead everywhere;
But I cannot conceive why a man should leave
A cosy bed so early rising.
The sage Franklin of old was sure, I am told,
I can't go with him in owning
The maxim of age and the land of dreams—
When lying abed in the morning.

I love to lie when the darkness fly,
Comes peeping through the curtains;
When phantoms weight regal lies sight
With visions of ladies and puddin's.
When the bird's lead is from its distant bid
The cheese of nature is joining—
If there's a gal below can make woo,
'Tis lying abed in the morning.

Let those who choose retire at sunset
When the docks and churches are going,
And rush their eyes when forced to rise
At the chanticleer's clamorous crowing;
They lose sight of the gorgeous sight,
And spend their day in vanity—
Till midnight damp I'll burn the lamp,
And lie abed in the morning.

City and Suburban.

MINERAL SPRING.—It is highly advisable that the ingress and egress, to and from this Spring, should be as convenient to the public as possible. It is a Spring of great properties, and we are rightly calling the attention of summer travelers to it. It should be, therefore, most comfortably accessible, and it is to be hoped that the City Council will see that it is made so.

☞ Dry-water fishing must have been indulged in to an alarming extent by the party visiting the Ice Works yesterday. We have no means of estimating the number captured, but to judge from those we saw, we should say one would have been sufficient to make their captors happy for life. One of our young friends must have had a very exciting chase, as he did not make his appearance in time to return on the train. But as he is one of those who never does things by halves, he cooly finished his fish, and returned in his carriage at leisure, "and was happy."

HO! FOR LIBERIA.—We learn that a large number of negroes—comprising sixty or eighty families—in the vicinity of Clay Hill, in the northeast part of this county, have determined to emigrate to Liberia, and are now making their arrangements to embark in the vessel of the Colonization Society, which will sail from Charleston or Baltimore early in November next. Rev. Elias Hill and June Moore (two colored men of this county) are at the head of the movement, and it is the intention of the emigrants to locate in that part of Liberia known as the North Carolina Colony. These emigrants are to be received at Rock Hill, and will be furnished transportation to Liberia by the Colonization Society. We understand that several hundred other negroes in this county are making preparations to follow in the vessel which sails next May.—*Yorkville (S. C.) Enquirer.*

MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL.—This road is rapidly progressing, and for a great portion of the road, the grading has been finished, and the ties distributed along the line. The necessary iron, engines and cars have been already purchased and are to be delivered by the 10th of August. The road has been changed from an ordinary wide to a narrow, three feet gauge, on which a forty pound rail will be used, which, it is expected, will result in saving of nearly one-half the cost of construction of a broad gauge road; in fact, the aid granted by the State, if the bonds can be disposed of at a reasonable price, will, it is believed, build the road, which when completed, will be as serviceable as a far more expensive broad gauge road. It will cross White river at Aberdeen, forty-five miles from Helena, to which point the cars will be running by the first of October, as work on the road will now progress without any stoppages.—*New York Bulletin.*

☞ Elizabeth Churchill tells the girls that the best novels ever written will hurt them if they read nothing else—that they will grow sentimental, morbid, and self-seeking, while common duties will become distasteful and common-pleasures insipid. Mrs. C. believes that half the wretched marriages spring from the romantic, vapid reading of our girls, and that she who can talk sensibly of the current topics of the day, who can tell whether Santo Domingo is one of the Orkney Islands or not, and whether, on the whole, she wants it annexed; who reads Spencer and Ruskin and Stuart Hill, do not throw her life into the care of the first booby or *roue* who asks her to do so, because it is romantic.

☞ The London Court Journal says that dark hair, so long neglected and despised, is again in the ascendant. The blonde is gradually resuming her place side by side, not above, the brunette. The blonde is now declared to have maintained her rule so long by variety of artifice, and can, now that her cunning devices are known, be classified as follows: The Gothic Irish (reddish), the Saxon English (dark yellow), the little ridiculous blonde (short, curly, golden), the cephalic blonde (orange tint), and the lymphatic blonde (pale straw color). Among all these, the cephalic orange-golden has always been considered the most to be dreaded by men who seek peace of mind, a calm life, a happy end.

SURGICAL TRIUMPH.—About two weeks ago Dr. Tyrell, of this city, removed an ovarian tumor from a patient residing here. The operation was performed in the presence of Drs. Logan, Simmons, Oatman, Cuthbert and other physicians. The tumor weighed forty pounds. Yesterday the patient was able to leave her bed, and in a few days will be completely restored to health. Two similar operations recently performed in San Francisco resulted in the death of the patients.—*Sacramento (Cal.) Reporter.*

REMARKABLE INCIDENT—A WHOLE FAMILY BURIED WITHIN A WEEK.—A remarkable series of deaths, by which a mother and three children were buried, occurred on Plum street last week. The mother, a widow lady named Williams, was buried in the same grave with two of the children, while the third and last, buried yesterday, was laid by her side. What is chiefly remarkable in this instance is, that they are carried off by no epidemic, but died under ordinary circumstances.—*Petersburg Courier.*

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—The fire in the bagging factory of William Wall's Sons, on Sunday, resulted in a loss of about $10,000. Among the machinery destroyed was a patent picker, recently imported, value at $3,000. The loss is partially insured in the Williamsburg City Company.—*New York Bulletin.*

☞ The remarkable good fortune of the Rothschilds has been strikingly illustrated during the disturbances in Paris. Though the Baron resident there owns not less than a hundred and forty-four houses in that city, no injury was done to one of them, not even so much as the breaking of a pane of glass.

A MAMMOTH MUSCLE.—Dr. Brown left at our office, a few days since, the largest specimen of this species of water denizen we have ever seen. It was taken from the Ouithlacoga. It weighed three and a half pounds, and the shell measured 18½ inches around one way, and 11 the other.—*Indiana Times.*

☞ A Washington paper has the following demoralizing announcement: "If any body in this vicinity has ever sent to New York after 'queer,' or counterfeit money, they may be interested to know that full lists of names are being made out for publication."

☞ The Nation gives tone as a possible result of the present social agitation: "Before long, man will gaze at woman with the same emotions with which he gazes at a landscape, or a field of wheat; while woman will look on a man, as she looks on a grain elevator or a locomotive."

☞ A few days since a dun called on a young gentleman and presented him a bill, when he was somewhat taken aback by the debtor taking him aside and blandly saying, "My dear sir, call next Thursday, and I'll tell you when to call again."

☞ The lazy school boy who wrote the name of a distinguished soldier and patriot as A Drew Jakon, has been out done by a theological student, who, having half a dozen shirts to mark, wrote the first John Thomas, and the remaining five ditto.

☞ Why is a bonus like a little girl?—Because it becomes a Woman.

THE ALABAMA & CHATTANOOGA R. R.

IS

COMPLETED,

and forms, with its

CONNECTIONS,

THE

SHORTEST LINE

FROM

Chattanooga

TO

MOBILE, NEW ORLEANS, VICKSBURG,

AND ALL

SOUTHWESTERN CITIES.

BY the completion of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, first-class Passenger Fare has been reduced to the following figures:

Chattanooga to Meridian..... $13 00
" to Mootie..... 17 35
" to New Orleans..... 28 25
" to Jackson, Miss..... 17 00
" to Vicksburg..... 19 00
" to Monroe, La..... 24 00

Magnificent cars of the latest and most approved patterns are run on all trains.

This is the only route that runs PULLMAN'S PALACE DAY and SLEEPING CARS from Chattanooga to Mobile and New Orleans.

THROUGH TICKETS FOR SALE AT THE

PRINCIPAL RAILROAD & HOTEL OFFICES

The attention of Freight Shippers is called to this

SHORT LINE

As offering the advantages of speedy transit between the North and South for all descriptions of freight, with rates always as low as by any other route.

Through Bills of Lading issued to the principal cities North and South.

WILLIAM SEAVY,
General Freight and Passenger Agent.
J. C. STANTON, General Supt.
june30—4tf

H. H. WITT & CO.,

COMMISSION DEALERS

AND

SHIPPERS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE,

SUCH AS BUTTER, CHEESE EGGS,
POULTRY, GAME, VENISON,
DRESSED CHICKENS,
TURKEYS, DUCKS,
GEESE, ETC.,

PEACHTREE STREET

WE SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS FROM THE FARMERS and merchants of North East Georgia. We promise quick sales, small commissions and fair dealing. Give us a trial.

AIR-LINE EXPRESS.

WE have established an EXPRESS LINE on the AIR-LINE RAILROAD. A messenger will run daily on the passenger train. Agencies will be established at every station on line of road.

All Express matter will be delivered free of charge to and from the cars at the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad Depot.

Office at their store on Peachtree street.

H. H. WITT & CO.,
Proprietors.
july8-d6m

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

LIVER DISEASE and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action, be it a slug or inactive, it is invariably secured. Indigestion, or want of action in the Liver, causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart depression of spirits, or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for forty years, and hundreds of the good and great in all parts of the country will vouch for its virtues, viz:

Hon Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia.
Bishop Pierce, of Georgia.
Jno. Gill Shorter, ex Governor of Alabama.
Gen. John B. Gordon.
R. T. Mott, of Columbus, Ga.
and among the hundreds of whom we can refer to.

Price, $1.00. By mail, postage prepaid, $1.20. Manufactured only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Georgia.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
aprl28—d&w1y

SPECIAL INDUCEMENT!

Club, Club, Club.

FOR THE FUTURE we will club the Daily and Weekly Constitution with

The Rural Southerner,

An ex-cellent agricultural monthly paper.

The Daily with the Southerner..... $10 00
The Weekly " " 2 50
june28 d&w W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

George Page & Co.,

No. 5 N. Schroder Street, Baltimore,

Manufacturers of

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS

PATENT IMPROVED, PORTABLE

Circular Saw Mills.

Gang, Muley and Sash Saw Mills,

GRIST MILLS, TIMBER WHEELS, SHINGLE MACHINES, &c. Dealers in Circular Saws, Belting and Mill supplies generally, and manufacturers' Agents for Leffel's Celebrated Turbine Water Wheel, and every description of Wood Working Machinery.

AGRICULTURAL ENGINES A SPECIALTY.

☞ Send for descriptive Catalogue & Price List.
may4-dcod&w1y

James Kennedy,

MERCHANT MILLER,

4th Street, Louisville, Kentucky.

MAKES all grades of meals on hand, and furnish all of the trade.

Landsberg's

LUMBER YARD,

OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

ALL VARIETIES OF LUMBER,

White Pine Sash,

DOORS AND BLINDS,

SAWED LATHS AND SHINGLES,

Sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

A. LANDSBERG & CO.,
Proprietors.
june28-3m

Tax Notice.

THE Books of the City Tax Receiver and Collector are now open in the City Hall daily, from 9 till 2 o'clock, and also in your ward on Saturday next, and will remain open until the last day.

JAMES L. KENNEDY,
City Tax Receiver and Collector.
July 10 1871.—tf

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,

924 Chestnut St., Philadelphia,

535 Broadway, New York.

OPTICIANS, MATHEMATICAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS AND IMPORTERS,

Spectacles, Microscopes, Spy Glasses, Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Botanical Glasses, Drawing Instruments of Brass and German silver, Surveying Compasses, Engineers' Transits and Levels, Chains, Tape Measures, Drawing Paper, and Drawing materials of all descriptions.

Magic Lanterns and Slides Thermometers, Barometers, Globes, Electric Machines, Rheostats Coils, Air Pumps, Galvanic Apparatus, &c., &c.

The following Manuals sent on receipt of 10 cents for each part:

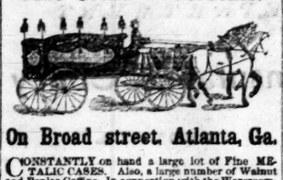
Part 1 Mathematical Instruments, 155 pages.
" 2. Optical " 168 "
" 3. Magic Lanterns " 86 "
" 4. Philosophical Instruments, 66 "
june6-d&w1y

WASHBURN Real Estate, WASHBURN
Stock & Bond Brokers,
SILVA. Dealers in SILVA.

General Commission Merchants.

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

Fine Coffin Warerooms.



On Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

CONSTANTLY on hand a large lot of Fine METALLIC CASES. Also, a large number of Walnut and Poplar Coffins. In connection with the Warerooms, there is a fine HEARSE; also Carriages to attend Funerals.

☞ Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders.

WM. WOOD,
june6-dly Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

College Commencements.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE GA. RAILROAD,
AUGUSTA, June 12, 1871.

THE Commencement Exercises of Colleges will be held at
Covington, June 18th, 1871.
Oxford, July 16th, 1871.
Athens, July 20th, 1871.

Persons desiring to attend any of said Commencements will be passed for One Fare.

Full fare to be paid going and the Agent selling the full fare tickets will give return tickets free. Return tickets good for fifteen days from Thursday before Commencement day. S. K. JOHNSON, Sup't
june15 d&tf july30

Bale's Auction House,

ROME.....GEORGIA.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Returns made as desired. J. A. BALE, Proprietor.

REFERENCE—J. H. James, Banker, Atlanta; Meadon & Bro., Atlanta; Silvey & Dougherty, Atlanta; Moore & Marsh, Atlanta; Cox & Hill, Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 15, 1870—dtf

GEO. N. LESTER, Marietta, Ga. WM. S. THOMSON, Atlanta, Ga.

LESTER & THOMSON,

Attorneys at Law.

ATLANTA, - - - - - GEORGIA,

WILL give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them.

OFFICE—In "The H. I. Kimball House," Nos. 16 and 18, directly over H. I. Kimball's office, fronting on the Railroad.

Geo. N. Lester will continue to reside at Marietta, and will attend the courts as heretofore, but will generally be at THE OFFICE. march3-dtf

SURE POP!

DEATH TO RATS,

ROACHES, BEDBUGS, etc.,

never failing, boxes double the size as others. Hermetically sealed and always fresh.

For sale at wholesale by

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
and by W. A. LANSDELL,
at retail by all Druggists.
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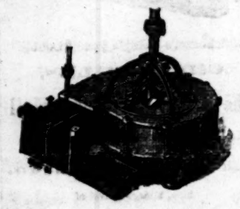
E. P. H. CAPRON'S

PATENT

Turbine Water Wheel!



24 Inch Wheel $195.

THE ONLY WHEEL

FURNISHED to customers with POLISHED BUCKETS. Buckets made separate, and movable. If ever bucket can be replaced with a new one, warranted to give more power than any Bucket Wheel.

Send for Illustrated Pamphlet for 1871.

Address CAPRON WATER WHEEL CO.,
Lock Box 189. Hudson, N. Y.
may2—d2m

Southern Terra Cotta Works.

THE undersigned are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta work, of the most approved patterns and designs. They will make it to the interest of all parties wishing articles in their line to call on them and encourage their new enterprise, and will guarantee to furnish such articles at lower rates than they can be obtained at any other manufactory in the Southern country. Window Caps Flower Vases, Fountains, Brackets, Mantels, etc. ALL SIZES VITRIFIED STONE SEWER PIPE always on hand.

All are especially invited to call and see our works. Samples to be seen at the factory on old Race Track street, near Barracks. P. PELLEGRINI,
E. GIORGI,
april18—d2m

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS.

SAIL, every Wednesday and Saturday, to and from

NEW YORK AND GLASGOW,

Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.

The steamers of this favorite line are built expressly for the Atlantic Passenger Trade, and fitted up in every respect with all the modern improvements calculated to ensure the safety, comfort, and convenience of passengers.

Passage Rates, Payable in Currency, to Glasgow, Liverpool and Londonderry:

First Cabin, $65 and $75, according to Location.
Cabin, return Tickets, $120, securing best accommodations.
Intermediate, $50. Steerage, $30.

Parties sending for their friends in the Old Country can purchase tickets at reduced rates. For further particulars apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Broadway, New York, or to W. DUNNING, Agent, Our Office, Atlanta, Ga. Responsible Agents wanted in town and country. june21-d wlm

Chas. Bohnfeld, Undertaker,

INFORMS the people of Atlanta and surrounding country that he keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Metallic Burial Cases, Caskets, and Coffins. Also, STATE AGENT FOR TAYLOR'S PATENT CORPSE PRESERVER, by which bodies are kept for several days in a perfect state of preservation. My personal attention will be given to all orders. Office on Whitehall street. Coffin ware room, Electric street. july4-dtw

MARCELLUS A. BELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ATLANTA, - - - - - GEORGIA.

Will practice in all the Courts of State and Federal, when, to the duties of his profession. Special attention to REGISTERED LAW suits a specialty. Business solicited. Office—Kimball House, over Bell & Hancock's office, Whitehall street. june27-dtw

LaGrange District Meeting.

LAGRANGE DISTRICT MEETING of the Board of Stewards of the M. E. Church South, will convene in LaGrange, Ga., ON MAKING 8 FIFTH SUNDAY IN JULY. Opening sermon on Wednesday night, 26th inst. by Rev. W. M. CRUMLEY.

H. I. ADAMS, P. E.

LaGrange, July 7, 1871. july11-wtf

CATALOGUES MOTTED UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

1-30 GOLD LOAN

OF THE

Northern Pacific Railroad.

RAPID PROGRESS OF THE WORK.

THE building of the Northern Pacific Railroad (begun July last) is being pushed forward with great energy from both extremities of the line. Several thousand men are employed in Minnesota and on the Pacific coast. The grade is nearly completed 400 miles westward from Lake Superior; the rails are arriving, over 1,200 miles of finished road, and track laying is rapidly progressing toward the eastern border of Dakota. Including its purchase of the St. Paul and Pacific Road, the Northern Pacific Company now has 412 miles of completed road, and by September next this will be increased to at least 650.

A Good Investment.—Jay Cooke & Co. are now selling, and unhesitatingly recommend as a Profitable and perfectly safe investment, the FIRST MORTGAGE LAND GRANT GOLD BONDS of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. They have 30 years to run, bear Seven and Three-Tenths per cent. gold interest, (more than 8 per cent. currency,) and are secured by first and only mortgage on the ENTIRE ROAD AND ITS APPURTENANCES, and also, as fast as the Road is completed, on

25,600 Acres of Land to every mile of track or 5,000 Acres for each $1,000 Bond. They are exempt from all taxes of United States Tax; Principal and Interest are payable in Gold; Denominations: Coupons, $50 to $1,000; Registered, $500 to $10,000.

Bonds for Sale.—Northern Pacific 7-30's are at all times receivable at TEN PER CENT. ABOVE PAR, in exchange for the Company's Lands, at their lowest cash price. This renders them practically INTEREST BEARING LAND WARRANTS.

Sinking Fund.—The proceeds of all sales of Lands are required to be devoted to the re-purchase and cancellation of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company. The Land Grant of the Road exceeds Fifty Million Acres. This immense Sinking Fund will undoubtedly cancel the principal of the Company's bonded debt before it falls due. With such ample security and high rate of interest, there is no investment accessible to the people, which is more PROFITABLE OR SAFE.

Exchanging U. S. Five-Twenties. The success of the New Government 5 per cent. Loan will compel the early surrender of United States 6 per cents. Many holders of Five-Twenties are now exchanging them for Northern Pacific Seven-Thirties, thus realizing a handsome profit, and greatly increasing their yearly income.

Other Securities.—All marketable Stocks and Bonds will be received at their highest current prices in exchange for Northern Pacific Seven-Thirties. Express Orders or Money or Bonds received, and on Seven-Thirties sent in return, will be paid by the Financial Agents. Full information, maps, pamphlets, etc., can be obtained on application at any agency, or from the undersigned. For sale by

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Philadelphia, New York, Washington, Financial Agents Northern Pacific Railroad Company.

Wright, Schmidt & Co.,

Atlanta, Ga.

And by Banks and Bankers generally throughout the country.

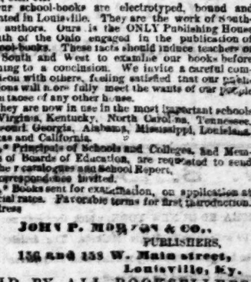
Sterling Exchange on London, Liverpool and Hamburg, in sums to suit, for sale by

WRIGHT, SCHMIDT & CO.,
may11-d3mo Atlanta, Ga.

FIRST PREMIUM

Awarded at Cotton States Fair,

Augusta,



Thomasville Fair, and all Southern Fairs where Exhibited,

1870!

THE SINGER

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR,

CONSTITUTED by the homes of the people, received the Great Award of the Highest Sales, and have left all rivals far behind them, for they sold in 1870, One Hundred and Twenty-seven Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three Machines.

The Singer Manufacturing Company sold over the Florence Sewing Machine Company..... 110,173 Machines.
Sold over the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine Company..... 98,942 "
Sold over the Weed Sewing Machine Company..... 92,821 "
Sold over the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company..... 70,431 "
Sold over the Howe Machine Company..... 52,677 "
Sold over the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company..... 44,695 "

It is the most simple and easily regulated Machine now in use.

The shuttle gives an even tension from the full to the empty bobbin.

Makes the most durable, elastic and smooth stitch.

Stitching the softest muslin without drawing it into the feed, and from that to heavy cloth or leather without changing the tension, making it capable of a greater range of work than any other machine made.

We use the straight needle, and it will do more and finer work than the curved needle.

The work moves from you instead of sideways, which is much easier to manage.

For speed and ease of operation it is unequaled.

Our machinery is all protected from dust.

Our cording, tucker, gatherer, quilter, trimmer, fringer, binder, hemmer, braider, feller and embroidery attachment are simple and easily used.

We have the best of rilks of our own manufacture at wholesale and retail, of all colors and numbers.

We will place the Singer in your family for a trial with any machine you may wish to try with it.

The sales of our New Family Sewing Machine is steadily increasing, showing its popularity.

The new No 1 Machine for Tailors and Bootmakers is the best in the market.

Examine before purchasing.

Are now sold on easy terms at the Atlanta Agency.

E. T. SMILLIE, Local Agent,
Corner of S. Broad and W. Alabama streets.

Agents wanted everywhere.

Silk Thread, Needles, Oil, etc., always on hand.

Stitching neatly done.

H. D. HAWLEY,
General Agent for Georgia, South Carolina and Florida
may12-1y

John P. Morton & Co.,

(ESTABLISHED IN 1835,)

Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, PRINTERS,

Binders and Blank Book Manufacturers,

PUBLISHERS of Butler's Readers and Spellers; Butler's Goodrich's Readers; Butler's Grammars; Butler's speaker; Bonnell's Composition and Rhetoric; Towne's Arithmetics; Towne's Algebra; Avison's book-keeping; Bronson's Elocution, etc., etc., etc.

Our school-books are electrotyped, bound and printed in Louisville. They are the work of Southern authors. Ours is the ONLY Publishing House south of the Ohio engaged in the publication of school-books. These facts should induce teachers of the South and West to examine our books before coming to a conclusion. We invite a careful comparison with others, feeling satisfied that our publications will more fully meet the wants of our people than those of any other house.

They are now in use in the most important schools of Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, Missouri, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and California.

☞ Principals of Schools and Colleges, and Members of Boards of Education, are requested to send to the Publishers for any School Reports.

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